UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) July 22, 2005

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware1-921095-4035997(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)(Commission
File Number)(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

10889 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

90024 (ZIP code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (310) 208-8800

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the Registrant under any of the	e following
provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):	

[] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Section 2 – Financial Information

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On July 22, 2005, Occidental Petroleum Corporation released information regarding its results of operations for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2005. The exhibits to this Form 8-K and the information set forth in this Item 2.02 are being furnished pursuant to Item 2.02, Results of Operations and Financial Condition. The full text of the press release is attached to this report as Exhibit 99.1. The full text of the speeches given by Dr. Ray R. Irani and Stephen I. Chazen are attached to this report as Exhibit 99.2. Investor Relations Supplemental Schedules are attached to this report as Exhibit 99.3.

Section 8 - Other Events

Item 8.01. Other Events

On July 22, 2005, Occidental Petroleum Corporation announced net income for the second quarter 2005 of \$1.536 billion (\$3.82 per share), compared with \$581 million (\$1.48 per share) for the second quarter 2004. Included in the second quarter 2005 net income are the benefits of two previously announced transactions — a \$619 million tax benefit related to the resolution of certain IRS tax issues and an \$89 million after-tax gain from the sale of 11 million shares of Lyondell Chemical Company. Core earnings for the second quarter were \$851 million (\$2.12 per share), compared with \$584 million

Oil and Gas

Oil and gas segment earnings were \$1.325 billion for the second quarter 2005, compared with \$980 million for the second quarter 2004. After adjusting for a \$26 million charge related to a contract settlement, core earnings were \$1.351 billion for the second quarter 2005. The improvement in the second quarter 2005 earnings reflected higher worldwide crude oil and gas prices, partially offset by higher operating and exploration expenses and increased DD&A rates. Exploration expenses were higher primarily as a result of a \$66 million property impairment resulting from an unsuccessful deep gas well at Elk Hills.

Chemicals

Chemical segment and core earnings were \$225 million for the second quarter 2005, compared with \$92 million for the second quarter 2004. The improvement in the second quarter 2005 results was due to higher margins in chlorine, caustic soda and polyvinyl chloride resulting from higher sales prices, partially offset by higher energy and feedstock costs.

Other Items

The tax benefit recorded in the second quarter was the result of a closing agreement with the IRS, which resolved certain foreign tax credit issues as part of the IRS audit of tax years 1997-2000. As a result, Occidental reversed tax reserves that were previously established for those foreign tax credit issues. This resolution did not have a significant current cash effect.

After the sale of 11 million shares, Occidental still owns 30.3 million Lyondell shares and warrants to purchase an additional 5 million shares. Occidental accounts for its Lyondell investment on the equity basis.

Six-Months Results

For the first six months of 2005, net income was \$2.382 billion (\$5.94 per share), compared with \$1.068 billion (\$2.72 per share) for the first six months of 2004.

Core earnings were \$1.717 billion for 2005, compared with \$1.060 billion for 2004. See the attached schedule for a reconciliation of net income to core earnings.

Worldwide production for the first six months of 2005 was 560,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day, compared to 571,000 barrels for the first six months of 2004. Horn Mountain's production for the first six months of 2005 was 16,000 barrels of oil equivalent, compared to 26,000 barrels of oil equivalent in 2004, primarily as a result of weather in the Gulf of Mexico and maintenance downtime. Compared to a year ago, production under the company's production-sharing contracts in Oman, Qatar, Yemen and Long Beach was negatively impacted by higher prices. If prices had remained at the six months 2004

levels, production in the first six months of 2005 would have been about 15,000 equivalent barrels per day higher.

Statements in this release that contain words such as "will," "expect" or "estimate," or otherwise relate to the future, are forward-looking and involve risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect expected results. Factors that could cause results to differ materially include, but are not limited to: exploration risks such as drilling of unsuccessful wells, global commodity pricing fluctuations, and supply/demand consideration for oil, gas and chemicals; higher-than-expected costs; and not successfully completing (or any material delay in) any expansion, capital expenditure, acquisition, or disposition. Occidental disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

SUMMARY OF SEGMENT NET SALES AND EARNINGS

(A :131		Quarter		
<pre>(\$ millions, except per share amounts)</pre>	2005	2004	2005	2004
SEGMENT NET SALES				
Oil and Gas	=	\$ 1,783	=	
Chemical Other	1,128	911	2,189	1,745 60
other		30		
Net sales		\$ 2,724 ======		
SEGMENT EARNINGS				
Oil and Gas	\$ 1,325	\$ 980	\$ 2,674	\$ 1,895
Chemical		92		
		1,072		
Unallocated Corporate Items				
Interest expense, net (a)		(60)		
Income taxes (b)		(384)		
Other (c)		(44)		
Income from Continuing Operations	1,532	584	2,382	1,073
Discontinued operations, net	4			(5)
NET INCOME	\$ 3,518	\$ 2,724	\$ 6,821	\$ 5,281
BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE Income from continuing				
operations	\$ 3.81	\$ 1.48	\$ 5.94	\$ 2.73
Discontinued operations, net	.01			(.01)
	\$ 3.82	\$ 1.48 ======	\$ 5.94	\$ 2.72
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE				
Income from continuing				
operations	\$ 3.77	\$ 1.46	\$ 5.86	
Discontinued operations, net	.01			(.01)
	\$ 3.78	\$ 1.46	\$ 5.86	\$ 2.68
AVERAGE BASIC COMMON SHARES	======	======	======	======
OUTSTANDING	401.9			
	======	======	======	======
See footnotes on following page.				

- (a) The second quarter 2005 includes a \$1 million pre-tax interest charge to redeem all the outstanding 4.1-percent medium term notes and the six months 2005 also includes a \$10 million charge to redeem all the outstanding 7.65-percent senior notes. The six months 2004 includes an \$11 million pre-tax interest charge to redeem all the outstanding 8.16-percent Trust Preferred Redeemable Securities.
- (b) The second quarter 2005 includes a \$619 million tax benefit resulting from a closing agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) resolving certain foreign tax credit issues. The six months 2005 also includes a net \$10 million charge related to a state income tax issue. The six months 2004 includes a \$20 million credit related to a first quarter settlement of an issue with the IRS.
- (c) The second quarter 2005 includes a \$140 million pre-tax gain from the sale of 11 million shares of Lyondell Chemical Company, which represented approximately 27 percent of Occidental's investment.

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND DD&A EXPENSE

Second Quarter				Six Months			
2===	2005	===	2004 ====	===	2005	====	2004 ====
\$ ===	518 ====	\$ ==:	461 =====	\$ ==	1,054	\$ ===	804
\$	356	\$	324	\$	700	\$	648
	\$ ====	2005 ====== \$ 518 ======	2005 ====== === \$ 518 \$ ====== ==	2005 2004 ====== =============================	2005 2004 ====== =============================	2005 2004 2005 ====== =============================	2005 2004 2005 ====== =============================

SUMMARY OF OPERATING STATISTICS

SUMMARY OF CLEARING STATISTICS	•		Six Months		
=======================================	2005 ======	2004	2005	2004	
NET OIL, GAS AND LIQUIDS PRODUCTION PER DAY					
United States Crude oil and liquids (MBBL)					
California	75	78	76	78	
Permian	156	156	152	155	
Horn Mountain	11	23	14	23	
Hugoton	3	3	3	3	
Total	245	260	245	259	
Natural Gas (MMCF)					
California	240	234	240	239	
Hugoton	133	132	131	129	
Permian	166	132	156	136	
Horn Mountain	9	15	11	16	
Total	548	513	538	520	
Latin America					
Crude oil (MBBL) Colombia	20	20	24	0.7	
Ecuador	36 39	39 47	34 41	37 45	
Ledadoi		47			
Total				82	
Middle East					
Crude oil (MBBL)					
Oman	19	12	21	12	
Qatar Yemen	43 28	44 30	43 31	43 35	
i elliett		30			
Total	90	86	95	90	
Natural Gas (MMCF)					
Oman	61	56	58	33	
Other Eastern Hemisphere					
Crude oil (MBBL)					
Pakistan	6	8	6	8	
Notional Con (MMCE)					
Natural Gas (MMCF) Pakistan	72	73	75	74	
Parmala of Oil Empirelant (MDOE)					
Barrels of Oil Equivalent (MBOE) Subtotal consolidated subsidiaries	E20	E 47	E22	EAA	
		547	533	544	
Colombia-minority interest	(5)	(5)	(4)	(4)	
Russia-Occidental net interest	28	31	29	30	
Yemen-Occidental net interest	2	1	2	1	
Total Worldwide Production (MBOE)	555 	574 ====================================	560 	571 =====	
	====== =	= =	=	=	

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING EARNINGS

Occidental's results of operations often include the effects of significant transactions and events affecting earnings that vary widely and unpredictably in nature, timing and amount. Therefore, management uses a measure called "core earnings," which excludes those items. This non-GAAP measure is not meant to disassociate those items from management's performance, but rather is meant to provide useful information to investors interested in comparing Occidental's earnings performance between periods. Reported earnings are considered representative of management's performance over the long term. Core earnings is not considered to be an alternative to operating income in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following table sets forth the core earnings and significant items affecting earnings for each operating segment and corporate:

(A. milliana			Second	Quarter
(\$ millions, except per-share amounts)	2005	_	2004	EPS
TOTAL REPORTED EARNINGS	\$ 1,536	•		\$ 1.48
Oil and Gas				
Segment Earnings	\$ 1,325		\$ 980	
Less: Contract settlement	(26)			
Segment Core Earnings	1,351		980	
Chemicals				
Segment Earnings	225		92	
No significant items affecting earnings				
arresting carnings				
Segment Core Earnings	225		92	
Total Segment Core Earnings	1,576		1,072	
Corporate				
Corporate Results				
Non Segment*	(14)		(491)	
Less: Gain on sale of Lyondell shares	140			
Settlement of federal				
tax issues	619			
Debt repurchase expense	(1)			
Tax effect of pre-tax	` ,			
adjustments	(51)			
Discontinued operations, net**	4		(3)	
·				
Corporate Core Results				
Non Segment	(725)		(488)	
TOTAL CORE EARNINGS	\$ 851	\$ 2.12	\$ 584	\$ 1.49

^{*}Interest expense, income taxes, G&A expense and other, and non-core items.

^{**}Amount shown after tax.

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING EARNINGS (continued)

(A million				x Months
(\$ millions, except per-share amounts)	2005	EPS	2004	EPS
TOTAL REPORTED EARNINGS	\$ 2,382	\$ 5.94	\$ 1,068 ======	\$ 2.72
Oil and Gas Segment Earnings Less:	\$ 2,674		\$ 1,895	
Contract settlement	(26)			
Segment Core Earnings	2,700		1,895	
Chemicals Segment Earnings No significant items affecting earnings	439		148	
Segment Core Earnings	439		148	
Total Segment Core Earnings	3,139		2,043	
Corporate Corporate Results Non Segment* Less:	(731)		(975)	
Debt repurchase expense Trust preferred	(11)			
redemption charge Gain on sale of Lyondell s State tax issue charge	 hares 140 (10)		(11) 	
Settlement of federal tax issues Tax effect of pre-tax	619		20	
adjustments Discontinued operations, n	(47) et**		4 (5)	ı
Corporate Core Results Non Segment	(1,422)		(983)	
TOTAL CORE EARNINGS	\$ 1 717	\$ 4 28	\$ 1 060	\$ 2.70 =====
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^{*}Interest expense, income taxes, G&A expense and other, and non-core items

^{**}Amount shown after tax.

ITEMS AFFECTING COMPARABILITY OF CORE EARNINGS BETWEEN PERIODS

(\$ millions)	2005	2004	2005	2004
PRE-TAX INCOME / (EXPENSE)				
Oil & Gas Exploration impairments	(66)	(12)	(85)	(45)
Corporate Environmental remediation	(10)		(19)	

Second Quarter Six Months

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION (Registrant)

DATE:	July 22, 2005	Jim A. Leonard
	-	Jim A. Leonard, Vice President and Controller
		(Principal Accounting and Duly Authorized Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

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99.1	Press release	datad Iv	. 77	2005

- 99.2 Full text of speeches given by Dr. Ray R. Irani and Stephen I. Chazen
- 99.3 Investor Relations Supplemental Schedules

For Immediate Release: July 22, 2005

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM ANNOUNCES SECOND QUARTER EARNINGS

LOS ANGELES -- Occidental Petroleum Corporation (NYSE: OXY) announced net income for the second quarter 2005 of \$1.536 billion (\$3.82 per share), compared with \$581 million (\$1.48 per share) for the second quarter 2004. Included in the second quarter 2005 net income are the benefits of two previously announced transactions -- a \$619 million tax benefit related to the resolution of certain IRS tax issues and an \$89 million after-tax gain from the sale of 11 million shares of Lyondell Chemical Company. Core earnings for the second quarter were \$851 million (\$2.12 per share), compared with \$584 million (\$1.49 per share) for the same period in 2004.

In announcing the results, Dr. Ray R. Irani, chairman, president and chief executive officer, said, "Robust energy prices and strong chemical margins were key factors in our financial performance that drove our core earnings 46 percent higher than last year's second quarter and contributed to the strongest earnings for any six-month period in Oxy's history. We also were successful in setting the stage for future growth by concluding a new production-sharing contract to develop Oman's giant Mukhaizna oil field, reaching an agreement to resume operations in our historic contract areas in Libya and acquiring oil and gas producing properties in the Permian Basin of Texas."

Oil and Gas

Oil and gas segment earnings were \$1.325 billion for the second quarter 2005, compared with \$980 million for the second quarter 2004. After adjusting for a \$26 million charge related to a contract settlement, core earnings were \$1.351 billion for the second quarter 2005. The improvement in the second quarter

2005 earnings reflected higher worldwide crude oil and gas prices, partially offset by higher operating and exploration

expenses and increased DD&A rates. Exploration expenses were higher primarily as a result of a \$66 million property impairment resulting from an unsuccessful deep gas well at Elk Hills.

Chemicals

Chemical segment and core earnings were \$225 million for the second quarter 2005, compared with \$92 million for the second quarter 2004. The improvement in the second quarter 2005 results was due to higher margins in chlorine, caustic soda and polyvinyl chloride resulting from higher sales prices, partially offset by higher energy and feedstock costs.

Other Items

The tax benefit recorded in the second quarter was the result of a closing agreement with the IRS, which resolved certain foreign tax credit issues as part of the IRS audit of tax years 1997-2000. As a result, Occidental reversed tax reserves that were previously established for those foreign tax credit issues. This resolution did not have a significant current cash effect.

After the sale of 11 million shares, Occidental still owns 30.3 million Lyondell shares and warrants to purchase an additional 5 million shares. Occidental accounts for its Lyondell investment on the equity basis.

Six-Months Results

For the first six months of 2005, net income was \$2.382 billion (\$5.94 per share), compared with \$1.068 billion (\$2.72 per share) for the first six months of 2004.

Core earnings were \$1.717 billion for 2005, compared with \$1.060 billion for 2004. See the attached schedule for a reconciliation of net income to core earnings.

Worldwide production for the first six months of 2005 was 560,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day, compared to 571,000 barrels for the first six months of 2004. Horn Mountain's

production for the first six months of 2005 was 16,000 barrels of oil equivalent, compared to 26,000 barrels of oil equivalent

in 2004, primarily as a result of weather in the Gulf of Mexico and maintenance downtime. Compared to a year ago, production under the company's production-sharing contracts in Oman, Qatar, Yemen and Long Beach was negatively impacted by higher prices. If prices had remained at the six months 2004 levels, production in the first six months of 2005 would have been about 15,000 equivalent barrels per day higher.

Statements in this release that contain words such as "will," "expect" or "estimate," or otherwise relate to the future, are forward-looking and involve risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect expected results. Factors that could cause results to differ materially include, but are not limited to: exploration risks such as drilling of unsuccessful wells, global commodity pricing fluctuations, and supply/demand consideration for oil, gas and chemicals; higher-than-expected costs; and not successfully completing (or any material delay in) any expansion, capital expenditure, acquisition, or disposition. Occidental disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

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310-443-6562

Kenneth J. Huffman (investors)

212-603-8183

For further analysis of Occidental's quarterly performance, please visit the web site: www.oxy.com

SUMMARY OF SEGMENT NET SALES AND EARNINGS

	Second Quarter	
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)	2005 2004 200 9	
=======================================	===== ======	======
SEGMENT NET SALES		
Oil and Gas	2,353 \$ 1,783 \$ 4,572	\$ 3,476
Chemical Other	1,128 911 2,189 37 30 60) 1,745 N 60
other		
Net sales	3,518 \$ 2,724 \$ 6,821	
SEGMENT EARNINGS		
Oil and Gas	1,325 \$ 980 \$ 2,67 4	\$ 1,895
Chemical	225 92 43 9) 148
	1,550 1,072 3,11 3	3 2,043
Unallocated Corporate Items		
Interest expense, net (a)	(47) (60) (10s	3) (128)
Income taxes (b) Other (c)	(47) (60) (108 (44) (384) (649 73 (44) 22) (747)
other (c)		
Income from Continuing Operations	1,532 584 2,38 2	2 1,073
Discontinued operations, net	4 (3)	- (5)
NET INCOME	1,536 \$ 581 \$ 2,38 2	2 \$ 1,068
	:===== ====== ======	
BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE		
Income from continuing		
operations	3.81 \$ 1.48 \$ 5.94	\$ 2.73
Discontinued operations, net		- (.01)
	3.82 \$ 1.48 \$ 5.94	\$ 2.72
	===== ======	======
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE		
Income from continuing		
operations	3.77 \$ 1.46 \$ 5.86	
Discontinued operations, net	.01	- (.01)
	3.78 \$ 1.46 \$ 5.86	
AVERAGE BASIC COMMON SHARES	====== ======	======
OUTSTANDING	401.9 393.9 401. 3	2 392.8
=======================================		
See footnotes on following page.		

- (a) The second quarter 2005 includes a \$1 million pre-tax interest charge to redeem all the outstanding 4.1-percent medium term notes and the six months 2005 also includes a \$10 million charge to redeem all the outstanding 7.65-percent senior notes. The six months 2004 includes an \$11 million pre-tax interest charge to redeem all the outstanding 8.16-percent Trust Preferred Redeemable Securities.
- (b) The second quarter 2005 includes a \$619 million tax benefit resulting from a closing agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) resolving certain foreign tax credit issues. The six months 2005 also includes a net \$10 million charge related to a state income tax issue. The six months 2004 includes a \$20 million credit related to a first quarter settlement of an issue with the IRS.
- (c) The second quarter 2005 includes a \$140 million pre-tax gain from the sale of 11 million shares of Lyondell Chemical Company, which represented approximately 27 percent of Occidental's investment.

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND DD&A EXPENSE

	Second Quarter					Six Months		
(\$ millions)	====	2005	====	2004	====	2005	====	2004
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	\$ ===	518 =====	\$ ===	461	\$: ===	1,054 =====	\$ ===	804
DEPRECIATION, DEPLETION AND AMORTIZATION OF ASSETS	\$	356	\$	324	\$	700	\$	648

SUMMARY OF OPERATING STATISTICS

	Second Quarter			ix Months
	2005	2004	2005	2004
NET OIL, GAS AND LIQUIDS PRODUCTION PER DAY				
United States Crude oil and liquids (MBBL) California Permian Horn Mountain Hugoton	75 156 11 3	78 156 23 3		155
Total	245	260	245	259
Natural Gas (MMCF) California Hugoton Permian Horn Mountain	240 133 166 9	234 132 132 15	240 131 156 11	
Total	548	513	538	520
Latin America Crude oil (MBBL) Colombia Ecuador	36 39	39 47	34 41	37 45
Total			75	82
Middle East Crude oil (MBBL) Oman Qatar Yemen	19 43 28	12 44 30	21 43 31	12 43 35
Total	90	86	95	90
Natural Gas (MMCF) Oman	61	56	58	33
Other Eastern Hemisphere Crude oil (MBBL) Pakistan	6	8	6	8
Natural Gas (MMCF) Pakistan	72	73	75	74
Barrels of Oil Equivalent (MBOE) Subtotal consolidated subsidiaries Colombia-minority interest Russia-Occidental net interest Yemen-Occidental net interest	(5) 28 2	31	(4) 29 2	(4) 30 1
Total Worldwide Production (MBOE)	555 ======	574 =====	560 =====	571 ======

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING EARNINGS

Occidental's results of operations often include the effects of significant transactions and events affecting earnings that vary widely and unpredictably in nature, timing and amount. Therefore, management uses a measure called "core earnings," which excludes those items. This non-GAAP measure is not meant to disassociate those items from management's performance, but rather is meant to provide useful information to investors interested in comparing Occidental's earnings performance between periods. Reported earnings are considered representative of management's performance over the long term. Core earnings is not considered to be an alternative to operating income in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following table sets forth the core earnings and significant items affecting earnings for each operating segment and corporate:

(A				Quarter
(\$ millions, except per-share amounts)	2005	EPS	2004	EPS
TOTAL REPORTED EARNINGS	\$ 1,536 \$	3.82	\$ 581	•
0:1 and 0 a	====== ==	=====	======	======
Oil and Gas Segment Earnings	\$ 1,325		\$ 980	
Less: Contract settlement	(26)		φ 900	
Segment Core Earnings	1,351		980	
Chemicals				
Segment Earnings	225		92	
No significant items affecting earnings				
arrooting carnings				
Segment Core Earnings	225		92	
cogmone cor a Larmingo				
Total Segment Core Earnings	1,576		1,072	
Company				
Corporate Corporate Results				
Non Segment*	(14)		(491)	
Less:	, ,		,	
Gain on sale of Lyondell shares	140			
Settlement of federal				
tax issues	619			
Debt repurchase expense	(1)			
Tax effect of pre-tax				
adjustments	(51)			
Discontinued operations, net**	4		(3)	
Corporate Core Results				
Non Segment	(725)		(488)	
TOTAL CORE EARNINGS	\$ 851 \$	2.12	\$ 584	\$ 1.49

^{*}Interest expense, income taxes, G&A expense and other, and non-core items.

^{**}Amount shown after tax.

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING EARNINGS (continued)

		Six Months
<pre>(\$ millions, except per-share amounts)</pre>	2005 EPS	2004 EPS
=======================================	====== ===============================	
TOTAL REPORTED EARNINGS		\$ 1,068 \$ 2.72
	=======	======
Oil and Gas		
Segment Earnings Less:	\$ 2,674	\$ 1,895
Contract settlement	(26)	
Segment Core Earnings	2,700	1,895
Chemicals		
Segment Earnings No significant items	439	148
affecting earnings		
3 3		
Segment Core Earnings	439	148
Total Segment Core Earnings	3,139	2,043
Corporate		
Corporate Results		
Non Segment*	(731)	(975)
Less:	(44)	
Debt repurchase expense	(11)	
Trust preferred redemption charge		(11)
Gain on sale of Lyondell shares		(11)
State tax issue charge	(10)	
Settlement of federal	(20)	
tax issues	619	20
Tax effect of pre-tax	020	20
adjustments	(47)	4
Discontinued operations, net**		(5)
,		
Corporate Core Results		
Non Segment	(1,422)	(983)
TOTAL CORE EARNINGS	\$ 1,717 \$ 4.28 ====================================	\$ 1,060 \$ 2.70

^{*}Interest expense, income taxes, G&A expense and other, and non-core items.

^{**}Amount shown after tax.

ITEMS AFFECTING COMPARABILITY OF CORE EARNINGS BETWEEN PERIODS

(\$ millions)	2005	2004	2005	2004
PRE-TAX INCOME / (EXPENSE)				
Oil & Gas Exploration impairments	(66)	(12)	(85)	(45)
Corporate Environmental remediation	(10)		(19)	

Second Quarter Six Months

Occidental Petroleum Corporation

DR. RAY R. IRANI Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Conference Call –Second Quarter 2005 Earnings Announcement

July 22, 2005 Los Angeles, California

Good morning and thank you for joining us. We're pleased to report that our strong second quarter results pushed both our reported and core earnings for six months to record high levels. Steve Chazen will discuss our financial results in detail shortly, but first, I'd like to mention several milestones we passed during the quarter.

Anyone who has been following Oxy closely over the past four years knows that debt reduction has been one of the focal points of our business plan. During the quarter, Oxy's long-term corporate debt received straight As from Fitch, Moody's and S&P. This is the first time in the company's history that our debt has been A-rated.

In addition, we concluded two agreements that we expect will play important roles in Oxy's future growth. I'm pleased to announce that we have reached agreement with the Libyan National Oil Company to resume operation of Oxy's historical oil assets. We expect formal approval from the Libyan Government in the very near term. The immediate impact will be to add about 12,000 to 15,000 barrels of oil per day to the 2005 exit rate. Preparations also are proceeding for the work program in the exploration blocks we were awarded earlier this year. We plan to begin collecting

seismic data in the near future, and we expect to begin exploratory drilling early next year.

In Oman, we have finalized a contract to develop the giant Mukhaizna oil field. The Sultanate of Oman issued the Royal Decree last week, which opens the door for Oxy to begin aggressive development of the field. Under the terms of a new Production Sharing Contract, Occidental is the operator of the field and holds a 45 percent interest. Our partner, Liwa Energy, which is owned by the Government of Abu Dhabi, has a 15 percent stake. The other stakeholders include the state-owned Oman Oil Company with 20 percent, Shell with 17 percent, Total with 2 percent and Partex, with 1 percent.

As we previously announced, Oxy and its partners expect to invest more than \$2 billion in enhanced oil recovery projects to increase production from the field's current rate of about 10,000 barrels per day to about 150,000 barrels per day within the next few years. Our plan calls for the recovery of approximately 1 billion barrels of oil over the 30-year life of this project. This is an exciting opportunity for us to build on our existing operations in Oman to add significant future value for our stockholders.

I'll now turn the call over to Steve Chazen.

Occidental Petroleum Corporation

STEPHEN CHAZEN Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Conference Call –Second Quarter 2005 Earnings Announcement

July **22, 2005**Los Angeles, California

Thank you, Ray.

Net income for the second quarter was \$1.54 billion, or \$3.82 per share, compared to \$581 million, or \$1.48 per share, in the second quarter of 2004. The net income was improved by a \$619 million tax benefit resulting from the settlement with the IRS we announced on May 10th. Additionally, it was impacted by higher oil and gas prices, higher chemical margins and an after-tax gain of \$89 million from the May sale of 11 million Lyondell shares. The improvements were offset by a \$26 million settlement of a contract, and a \$66 million impairment of oil and gas acreage.

The IRS settlement resolved certain foreign tax credit issues as part of an IRS audit of tax years 1997 through 2000. As a result, Oxy reversed tax reserves that were previously established for these foreign tax credit issues. The agreement did not have a significant current cash effect.

Core earnings, which exclude the IRS agreement, the sale of the Lyondell shares and the contract settlement, were \$851 million, or \$2.12 per share, for the quarter, and \$1.7 billion, or \$4.28 per share, for the first six months. This compares to \$584 million and \$1.1 billion for the respective periods last year.

Oil and gas segment core earnings for the quarter were \$1.35 billion, compared to \$980 million for the second quarter of 2004.

- Worldwide daily production for the quarter averaged 555,000 barrels of oil equivalent, compared to 565,000 in the first quarter.
- As we have noted in previous discussions, prices have an impact on volumes in our production-sharing contracts. These agreements in Qatar, Oman, Yemen and Long Beach impacted our net production for the quarter by 15,000 barrels per day compared to last year's second quarter, and by 3,000 barrels per day compared to the first quarter in the current year.
- Scheduled maintenance for the Horn Mountain field in the Gulf of Mexico lowered production from that operation compared to the first quarter. Production was somewhat lower than expected because adverse weather conditions in the Gulf of Mexico delayed completion of the maintenance program.
- Production has declined from our non-operated assets in Pakistan, Russia and Yemen by 6,000 BOE per day, or 8 percent, in the second quarter compared to the second quarter of 2004.
- Exploration costs for the quarter were \$111 million, including impairments of \$66 million pre-tax, primarily from an unsuccessful deep gas well at Elk Hills. The \$3 million well cost was written off and there was a non-cash impairment charge of \$66 million, or 11 cents per share.
- The WTI price averaged \$53.17 per barrel for the quarter, compared with \$38.32 in the second quarter 2004. For the first

- half of the year, WTI averaged \$51.51 per barrel, compared with \$36.73 in 2004.
- Oxy's realized oil price for the quarter was \$45.41 per barrel compared to \$33.12 for the second quarter 2004. For the first half of the year, Oxy's realized oil price of \$43.53 compared to last year's price of \$31.77. Oxy's realized oil price increased \$3.70 per barrel in the second quarter, compared to the first quarter of 2005, while WTI increased by \$3.33 per barrel in the same period.
- The NYMEX gas price for the quarter was \$6.46, compared to \$5.79 for the second quarter 2004. Oxy's average realized gas price for the quarter was \$5.16, up from \$4.26 for the second quarter 2004.
- Oil and gas production costs for the first six months were \$8.18 per BOE, compared to average costs of \$6.95 in 2004. Numerous factors impacted costs in the current quarter, including increased production-related taxes and rising utility costs resulting from higher oil and gas prices. Production-related taxes increased 23 cents per BOE in the first half of 2005, compared to the 2004 average. Workover and maintenance costs also were higher than last quarter and the second quarter of last year.

Chemical core earnings for the quarter were \$225 million, up from \$92 million earned in the same quarter last year. The increase is primarily due to higher margins for chlorine, caustic soda and PVC resins. Price increases were partially offset by higher feedstock and energy costs. Chemical core earnings for the first six months were \$439 million, up from \$148 million in the comparable period last year.

Oxy's debt-to-cap was down to 21 percent, compared with 27 percent at the end of 2004. In the first half, cash flow from operations was \$2.4 billion. At the end of June, Oxy had about \$870 million in cash. For the first half, Oxy's annualized return on equity was 41 percent and our annualized return on capital employed was 32 percent.

Net interest expense was \$46 million for the quarter, and \$97 million for the first six months. The worldwide effective tax rate for the second quarter was 42 percent. This was up slightly from Oxy's forecast of 41 percent due to higher than expected foreign income, which has a higher tax rate than U.S. income.

The sale of Lyondell shares reduced Oxy's ownership to 30.3 million shares. In addition, Oxy has warrants to purchase 5 million shares. Oxy's second quarter 2005 net income per share was 5 cents lower than the first quarter, as a result of the equity income from fewer shares and the change in value of the warrants.

Capital spending was \$518 million for the quarter, and \$1.05 billion for the first six months. We expect capital spending for the year to be \$2.3 billion.

As we look ahead in the third quarter:

- We expect third quarter production to be approximately 570,000 BOE per day, depending on weather in the Gulf of Mexico and product prices which affect our production-sharing contracts.
- Each dollar per barrel change in the oil prices impacts Oil and Gas Segment third quarter earnings by about \$34 million before the impact of income taxes.
- A swing of 10 cents per million BTU's in gas prices has a \$5 million impact on quarterly segment earnings. Our realized domestic gas

price in the third quarter is expected to be about \$6.10 per million cubic feet.

- We have significant exploration wells in Albania, Nigeria and Peru planned for the third quarter. If all of these wells were unsuccessful, exploration expense for the quarter would be approximately \$110 million.
- In Chemicals, we expect third quarter earnings to be similar to the second quarter. Some modest reduction in product demand is expected to be offset by a full quarter's benefit from the Vulcan chlor-alkali acquisition.
- Third quarter interest expense is expected to be approximately \$43 million.
- Oxy gave notice to its Trustees to redeem three debt issues in the third quarter, most of which were due in 2007. The \$333 million principal is disclosed as current maturities on our balance sheet, and will more than offset the planned increase in project-financed debt for the Dolphin Project.
- We expect the worldwide tax rate to be 42 percent, about the same rate as the second quarter. The U.S. and foreign tax rates are included in the supplemental schedules.
- Oxy will adopt the provisions of SFAS 123(R) in the third quarter, which will change how the company accounts for its stock-based compensation. Since most of Oxy's existing stock-based compensation is already recorded in the income statement, we decided to adopt SFAS 123(R) early, so that the remaining awards are accounted for in a consistent manner. The cumulative effect of

adopting this statement will be immaterial. We disclosed in our first quarter 10-Q, that if we had adopted SFAS 123(R) at the beginning of 2005, the impact on first quarter EPS would have been less than a penny per share.

If you would like a copy of the press release announcing our second quarter earnings, along with the Investor Relations Supplemental Schedules, you can find them on our website www.oxy.com or through the SEC's EDGAR system.

Now we're ready to take your questions.

See the investor relations supplemental schedules for the reconciliation of non-GAAP items. Statements in this presentation that contain words such as "will", "expect" or "estimate", or otherwise relate to the future, are forward-looking and involve risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect expected results. Factors that could cause results to differ materially include, but are not limited to: exploration risks, such as drilling of unsuccessful wells; global commodity pricing fluctuations and supply/demand considerations for oil, gas and chemicals; higher-than-expected costs; political risk; and not successfully completing (or any material delay in) any expansion, capital expenditure, acquisition, or disposition. Occidental disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements. The United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) permits oil and natural gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only proved reserves demonstrated by actual production or conclusive formation tests to be economically producible under existing economic and operating conditions. We use certain terms in this presentation, such as probable, possible and recoverable reserves, that the SEC's guidelines strictly prohibit us from using in filings with the SEC. U.S. investors are urged to consider carefully the disclosure in our Form 10-K, available through the following toll-free telephone number, 1-888-OXYPETE (1-888-699-7383) or on the Internet at http://www.oxy.com. You also can obtain a copy from the SEC by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.



OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2005 Second Quarter Net Income (Loss)

(\$ millions)

	Re	ported				(Core
	Income		Significant Items Affecting Income				rnings
Oil & Gas	\$	1,325	\$	26	Contract settlement	\$	1,351
Chemical		225					225
Corporate							
Interest expense, net		(47)		1	Debt redemption		(46)
Other		73		(140)	Sale of Lyondell shares		(67)
Taxes		(44)		51	Tax effect of adjustments		(612)
				(619)	IRS settlement		
Income from continuing operations		1,532		(681)			851
Discontinued operations, net of tax		4		(4)	Discontinued operations, net		-
Net Income	\$	1,536	\$	(685)	•	\$	851
Basic Earnings Per Common Share							
Income from continuing operations	\$	3.81				\$	2.12
Discontinued operations, net of tax		0.01					<u>-</u>
Net Income	\$	3.82				\$	2.12

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2004 Second Quarter Net Income (Loss) (\$ millions)

	Re	ported				C	ore
	In	come	Significant Items Affecting Income			Earnings	
Oil & Gas	\$	980				\$	980
Chemical		92					92
Corporate							
Interest expense, net		(60)					(60)
Other		(44)					(444)
Taxes		(384)					(384)
Income from continuing operations	-	584		-			584
Discontinued operations, net of tax		(3)		3	Discontinued operations, net		-
Net Income	\$	581	\$	3		\$	584
Basic Earnings Per Common Share							
Income from continuing operations	\$	1.48				\$	1.49
Discontinued operations, net of tax							-
Net Income	\$	1.48				\$	1.49

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2005 First Six Months

Net Income (Loss)

(\$ millions)

	Reported				Core		
	In	come	<u>Signif</u>	icant Iten	ns Affecting Income	<u>Ea</u>	rnings
Oil & Gas	\$	2,674	\$	26	Contract settlement	\$	2,700
Chemical		439					439
Corporate							
Interest expense, net		(108)		11	Debt redemption charges		(97)
Other		22		(140)	Sale of Lyondell shares		(118)
Taxes		(645)		47	Tax effect of adjustments		(1,207)
				(619)	IRS settlement		
				10	State tax charge		
Income from continuing operations		2,382		(665)			1,717
Discontinued operations, net of tax		-		-	Discontinued operations, net		-
Net Income	\$	2,382	\$	(665)	=	\$	1,717
Basic Earnings Per Common Share							
Income from continuing operations	\$	5.94				\$	4.28
Discontinued operations, net of tax							_
Net Income	\$	5.94				\$	4.28

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2004 First Six Months

Net Income (Loss)

(\$ millions)

	Re	ported			(Core
	Ir	ncome	Significant Item	s Affecting Income	Ea	rnings
Oil & Gas	\$	1,895			\$	1,895
Chemical		148				148
Corporate						
Interest expense, net		(128)	11	Trust preferred redemption		(117)
Other		(95)				(95)
Taxes		(747)	(20)	IRS settlements		(771)
			(4)	Tax effect of adjustments		
Income from continuing operations		1,073	(13)			1,060
Discontinued operations, net of tax		(5)	5	Discontinued operations, net		-
Net Income	\$	1,068	\$ (8)		\$	1,060
Danie Farminus Dan Commune Chare						
Basic Earnings Per Common Share	•	0.70			•	0.70
Income from continuing operations	\$	2.73			\$	2.70
Discontinued operations, net of tax		(0.01)				
Net Income	\$	2.72			\$	2.70

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

Items Affecting Comparability of Core Earnings Between Periods

The item(s) below are included in core earnings but are shown in this table because they affect the comparability of core earnings between periods.

Income / (Expense)	Second (Six Months			
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Oil & Gas Exploration impairments	(66)	(12)	(85)	(45)	
Corporate	,	, ,	, ,	,	
Environmental remediation	(10)	-	(19)	-	

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM Worldwide Effective Tax Rate

	QUARTERLY			YEAR TO-DATE			
	2005	2005	2004	2005	2004		
REPORTED INCOME	QTR 2	QTR 1	QTR 2	6 Months	6 Months		
Oil & Gas (a)	1,325	1,349	980	2,674	1,895		
Chemicals	225	214	92	439	148		
Corporate & other	26	(112)	(104)	(86)	(223)		
Pre-tax income	1,576	1,451	968	3,027	1,820		
Income tax expense							
Federal and state	(256)	349	214	93	407		
Foreign (a)	300	252	170	552	340		
Total	44	601	384	645	747		
Income from continuing operations	1,532	850	584	2,382	1,073		
Worldwide effective tax rate	3%	41%	40%	21%	41%		
	2005	2005	2004	2005	2004		
CORE INCOME	QTR 2	QTR 1	QTR 2	6 Months	6 Months		
Oil & Gas (a)	1,351	1,349	980	2,700	1,895		
Chemicals	225	214	92	439	148		
Corporate & other	(113)	(102)	(104)	(215)	(212)		
Pre-tax income	1,463	1,461	968	2,924	1,831		
Income tax expense							
Federal and state	312	343	214	655	431		
Foreign (a)	300	252	170	552	340		
Total	612	595	384	1,207	771		
Core income	851	866	584	1,717	1,060		
Worldwide effective tax rate	42%	41%	40%	41%	42%		

(a) Revenues and income tax expense include taxes owed by Occidental but paid by governmental entities on its behalf. Oil and gas pre-tax income includes the following revenue amounts by periods.

2005	2005	2004	2005	2004
QTR 2	QTR 1	QTR 2	6 Months	6 Months
226	187	117	413	233

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2005 Second Quarter Net Income (Loss)

Reported Income Comparison

	Second Quarter 2005		First Quarter 2005		E	3 / (W)
Oil & Gas	\$	1,325	\$	1,349	\$	(24)
Chemical		225		214		11
Corporate						
Interest expense, net		(47)		(61)		14
Other		73		(51)		124
Taxes		(44)		(601)		557
Income from continuing operations		1,532		850		682
Discontinued operations, net		4		(4)		8
Net Income	\$	1,536	\$	846	\$	690
Basic Earnings Per Common Share						
Income from continuing operations	\$	3.81	\$	2.12	\$	1.69
Discontinued operations, net		0.01		(0.01)		0.02
Net Income	\$	3.82	\$	2.11	\$	1.71
Worldwide Effective Tax Rate		3%		41%		38%

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2005 Second Quarter Net Income (Loss)

Core Earnings Comparison

	Second Quarter 2005	First Quarter 2005	B / (W)
Oil & Gas	\$ 1,351	\$ 1,349	\$ 2
Chemical	225	214	11
Corporate			
Interest expense, net	(46)	(51)	5
Other	(67)	(51)	(16)
Taxes	(612)	(595)	(17)
Net Income	\$ 851	\$ 886	\$ (15)
Basic Earnings Per Common Share	\$ 2.12	\$ 2.16	\$ (0.04)
Worldwide Effective Tax Rate	42%	41%	-1%

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

Oil & Gas

Core Earnings Variance Analysis

(\$ millions)

2005 2nd Quarter 2005 1st Quarter		\$ 1,351 1,349 2
Sales Price		\$ 128
Sales Volume/Mix		(24)
Exploration Expense		(65)
All Others		 (37)
	TOTAL VARIANCE	\$ 2

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

Chemical

Core Earnings Variance Analysis

(\$ millions)

All Others		2
Operations/Manufacturing		10 *
Sales Volume/Mix		12
Sales Price		(13)
	<u>\$</u>	11
2005 1st Quarter	φ 	214
2005 2nd Quarter	\$	225

^{*} Lower feedstock costs partially offset by higher energy costs

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2005 Second Quarter Net Income (Loss)

Reported Income Comparison

	Second Quarter 2005		Qı	Second Quarter		1.040
			2004		B	/ (W)
Oil & Gas	\$	1,325	\$	980	\$	345
Chemical		225		92		133
Corporate						
Interest expense, net		(47)		(60)		13
Other		73		(44)		117
Taxes		(44)		(384)		340
Income from continuing operations		1,532		584		948
Discontinued operations, net		4		(3)		7
Net Income	\$	1,536	\$	581	\$	955
Basic Earnings Per Common Share						
Income from continuing operations	\$	3.81	\$	1.48	\$	2.33
Discontinued operations, net		0.01				0.01
Net Income	\$	3.82	\$	1.48	\$	2.34
Worldwide Effective Tax Rate		3%_		40%		37%

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

2005 Second Quarter Net Income (Loss)

Core Earnings Comparison

	Second Quarter 2005	Second Quarter 2004	B / (W)
Oil & Gas	\$ 1,351	\$ 980	\$ 371
Chemical	225	92	133
Corporate			
Interest expense, net	(46)	(60)	14
Other	(67)	(44)	(23)
Taxes	(612)	(384)	(228)
Net Income	\$ 851	\$ 584	\$ 267
Basic Earnings Per Common Share	\$ 2.12	\$ 1.49	\$ 0.63
Worldwide Effective Tax Rate	42%	40%	-2%

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

Oil & Gas

Core Earnings Variance Analysis

(\$ millions)

2005 2nd Quarter 2004 2nd Quarter	\$	1,351 980
·	\$	371
Sales Price	\$	541
Sales Volume/Mix		(12)
Exploration Expense		(71)
All Others		(87)
TOTAL VARIANCE	CE <u>\$</u>	371

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

Chemical

Core Earnings Variance Analysis

(\$ millions)

2005 2nd Quarter	\$ 225	
2004 2nd Quarter	\$ 92 133	
Sales Price	189	
Sales Volume/Mix	(15)	
Operations/Manufacturing	(48)	k
All Others	 7	
TOTAL VARIANCE	\$ 133	

^{*} Higher energy and feedstock costs

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM SUMMARY OF OPERATING STATISTICS

	Second Quarter		Six Mo	Six Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
NET PRODUCTION PER DAY:			·		
United States					
Crude Oil and Liquids (MBL)					
California	75	78	76	78	
Permian	156	156	152	155	
Horn Mountain	11	23	14	23	
Hugoton	3	3	3	3	
Total	245	260	245	259	
Natural Gas (MMCF)					
California	240	234	240	239	
Hugoton	133	132	131	129	
Permian	166	132	156	136	
Horn Mountain	9	15	11	16	
Total	548	260	538	520	
Latin America					
Crude Oil (MBL)					
Colombia	36	39	34	37	
Ecuador	39	47	41	45	
Total	75	86	75	82	
Middle East					
Crude Oil (MBL)					
Oman	19	12	21	12	
Qatar	43	44	43	43	
Yemen	28	30	31	35	
Total	90	86	95	90	
Natural Gas (MMCF)					
Oman	61	56	58	33	
Other Eastern Hemisphere					
Crude Oil (MBL)					
Pakistan	6	8	6	8	
Natural Gas (MMCF)	·	· ·	•	· ·	
Pakistan	72	73	75	74	
Barrels of Oil Equivalent (MBOE)					
Subtital consolidated subsidiaries	530	547	533	544	
Other interests					
Colombia - minority interest	(5)	(5)	(4)	(4)	
Russia - Occidental net interest	28	31	29	30	
Yemen - Occidental net interest	2	1	2	1	
Total worldwide production (MBOE)	555	574	560	571	

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM SUMMARY OF OPERATING STATISTICS

	Second Quarter		Six Months		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
OIL & GAS:					
PRICES					
United States					
Crude Oil (\$/BBL)	46.72	35.44	45.47	34.02	
Natural Gas (\$/MCF)	6.18	4.90	6.07	4.95	
Latin America					
Crude Oil (\$/BBL)	42.09	30.60	40.99	29.83	
Middle East					
Crude Oil (\$/BBL)	48.72	34.51	45.18	32.18	
Natural Gas (\$/MCF)	0.96	0.97	0.96	0.97	
Other Eastern Hemisphere					
Crude Oil (\$/BBL)	46.84	32.26	42.76	30.79	
Natural Gas (\$/MCF)	2.28	2.47	2.25	2.35	
Total Worldwide					
Crude Oil (\$/BBL)	45.41	33.12	43.53	31.77	
Natural Gas (\$/MCF)	5.16	4.26	5.02	4.40	

		Second Quarter				Six Months			
		2	2005	2	004	2	2005	2	004
Exploration Expense									
Domestic		\$	84	\$	22	\$	111	\$	60
Latin America			8		2		23		3
Middle East			4		1		5		14
Other Eastern Hemisphere			15		15		19		17
	TOTAL	\$	111	\$	40	\$	158	\$	94

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

CHEMICALS

Volume (M Tons, except PVC Resins)

	Second	Quarter	SIX MO	itns	
MAJOR PRODUCTS	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Chlorine	746	740	1,451	1,446	
Caustic soda	768	819	1,482	1,551	
Ethylene Dichloride	175	100	305	222	
PVC Resins (millions of pounds)	985	1,090	2,010	2,161	

CHEMICALS

Prices (Index)

	Second	Quarter	Six Mo	nths
MAJOR PRODUCTS	2005	2004	2005	2004
Chlorine	2.65	2.00	2.60	1.80
Caustic soda	1.67	0.61	1.59	0.66
Ethylene Dichloride	1.56	1.51	1.65	1.40
PVC Resins	1.24	1.06	1.27	1.00

1987 through 1990 average price = 1.00

CHLORINE

OxyChem Commentary

- As contract terms permitted, OxyChem fully implemented the \$20 per ton price increase announced in February effective March 24th. No additional price increases were announced in the 2nd quarter.
- The industry operating rate of 93% was negatively impacted by prolonged outages, both scheduled and unscheduled, inventory reductions in the vinyls chain and seasonal chlorine demand.
- OxyChem anticipates an increase in industry operating rates in the 3rd quarter. The supply/demand balance is expected to tighten as seasonal
 demand for downstream products improves, including chlorine into the vinyls chain. However, any additional unplanned outages resulting from
 operating problems, weather or energy curtailments could further tighten the supply/demand balance.
- Order control programs for chlorine are still in effect and are expected to remain for the balance of 2005 for OxyChem and other U.S. producers.

Influencing Factors:

Inventory reductions in the vinyls chain coupled with cooler, wet weather throughout most of the East and Midwest dampened domestic chlorine demand in the 2nd quarter. Although this lessened concerns over chlorine availability, several prolonged outages within the industry kept the supply/demand balance stable, thus preventing the threat of price erosion. Chlorine demand into the vinyls chain is expected to improve in the 3rd quarter.

CAUSTIC

OxyChem Commentary

- Caustic soda demand improved over 1st quarter sales driven by the bleach, distribution and refining markets. Sales of liquid caustic soda are expected to further improve in the 3rd quarter as demand into the bleach market strengthens.
- As contract terms permitted, OxyChem successfully implemented in the 2nd quarter the \$40 DST price increase announced in February. An additional increase of \$30 DST was announced in May to be implemented in the 3rd quarter. All other major U.S. producers have announced a similar increase. Market conditions are expected to support further price improvement as seasonal demand for caustic soda increases.
- OxyChem and other U.S. producers remain on order control programs for liquid caustic soda. Order control is expected to continue in the 3rd quarter.

Influencing Factors:

Caustic soda demand is anticipated to remain robust in the 3rdquarter as seasonal demand into bleach peaks and the U.S. manufacturing sector shows continued signs of strength. As a result, market conditions are expected to remain favorable for future price improvement. However, the strength of the U.S. manufacturing sector and/or unseasonably cool temperatures throughout the U.S. could impact demand and future price improvement.

EDC

OxyChem Commentary

- Export demand in the 2nd quarter was limited by planned and unplanned Asian VCM outages coupled with increased Chinese acetylene based VCM production. The lower EDC demand was partially offset by tighter EDC supply in the U.S.
- EDC prices dropped significantly during the 2nd quarter. Spot prices declined from a 1st quarter peak of \$500 \$520 per metric ton CIF Asia to \$260 \$270 per metric ton CIF Asia.

Influencing Factors:

Prices for EDC in the Far East have stabilized after significant declines in the 2nd quarter. EDC prices are expected to rebound as VCM and PVC pricing improves. Continued VCM outages in Asia have unfavorably impacted the supply/demand balance for EDC. Spot export shipments are expected to be limited out of the U.S. in the 3rd quarter due to lower chlorine values versus other alternatives.

PVC/VCM

OxyChem Commentary

- Inventory management and an outage at the Pasadena, Texas PVC plant in June contributed to a 2% decline in OxyChem's PVC operating rate from the 1st quarter.
- Mild domestic demand in the 2nd quarter resulted in reduced operating rates for PVC as producers and consumers operated with minimal inventories.
- Domestic PVC resin prices were flat in both April and May, decreasing \$0.01 per pound in June. July pricing is flat with June.
- Westlake has restarted the Geismar VCM and PVC plants at 50% operating rates. It is expected that the plants will be brought up to capacity by January 2006. The Shintech Addis facility remains idle and is not expected to restart in 2005.
- PVC resin export prices ended the quarter at \$700 \$720 per metric ton CFR Southeast Asia. Exports for the 2nd quarter increased 60% versus the prior quarter.
- VCM supply and demand was balanced in North America as most producers opted to reduce rates, driven by PVC reductions, rather than
 push VCM into the market at low values. Pemex resumed operation of their Pajaritos plant at reduced rates in late March and ran reasonably
 steady through the 2nd quarter.
- Published VCM spot export prices decreased from \$810 per metric ton FOB U.S. Gulf Coast to Latin America to \$550 per metric ton by the end of the 2nd quarter. Asian spot prices ended the quarter at \$540 per metric ton CFR, which is less than \$340 per metric ton FOB U.S. Gulf Coast. There were no shipments from the U.S. to Asia in the 2nd quarter due to the unfavorable economics.

Influencing Factors:

Increased seasonal domestic demand will result in some margin improvement for VCM and PVC in the 3rdquarter. Inventory reductions, moderate demand and increased energy costs will support continued export price stability with some rebound expected.

Other Eastern Hemisphere

Chemicals

Corporate

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM

10889 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90024 (310) 208-8800

Six Months

20

121

11

700

SUMMARY OF OPERATING STATISTICS

Second Quarter

Capital Expenditures (\$MM)	res (\$MM) 2005		2004		2005		2004	
Oil & Gas								
California	\$	90	\$	83	\$	172	\$	144
Permian		96		63		159		125
Other - U.S.		33		8		62		12
Latin America		48		63		99		83
Middle East / North Africa		191		191		464		359
Other Eastern Hemisphere		24		10		32		21
Chemicals		34		40		62		56
Corporate		2		3		4		4
TOTAL	\$	518	\$	461	\$	1,054	\$	804
Depreciation, Depletion &	Second Quarter			Six Months				
Amortization of Assets (\$MM)	2005		2004		2005		2004	
Oil & Gas								
Domestic	\$	170	\$	157	\$	324	\$	313
Latin America		26		26		51		48
Middle East		83		65		173		134

10

62

5

356

\$

TOTAL

10

62

4

324

22

122

648

\$

9

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM **CORPORATE** (\$ millions)

		30-Jun-05		31	31-Dec-04	
CAPITALIZATION						
Oxy Long-Term Debt (including current maturities)		\$	3,360	\$	3,804	
Subsidiary Preferred Stock			75		75	
Others	-		26		26	
	Total Debt	\$	3,461	\$	3,905	
EQUITY		\$	12,706	\$	10,550	
Total Debt to Total Capitalization	:		21%		27%	

See the investor relations supplemental schedules for the reconciliation of non-GAAP items. Statements in this presentation that contain words such as "will", "expect" or "estimate", or otherwise relate to the future, are forward-looking and involve risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect expected results. Factors that could cause results to differ materially include, but are not limited to: exploration risks, such as drilling of unsuccessful wells; global commodity pricing fluctuations and supply/demand considerations for oil, gas and chemicals; higher-than-expected costs; political risk; and not successfully completing (or any material delay in) any expansion, capital expenditure, acquisition, or disposition. Occidental disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements. The United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) permits oil and natural gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only proved reserves demonstrated by actual production or conclusive formation tests to be economically producible under existing economic and operating conditions. We use certain terms in this presentation, such as probable, possible and recoverable reserves, that the SEC's guidelines strictly prohibit us from using in filings with the SEC. U.S. investors are urged to consider carefully the disclosure in our Form 10-K, available through the following toll-free telephone number, 1-888-OXYPETE (1-888-699-7383) or on the Internet at http://www.oxy.com. You also can obtain a copy from the SEC by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.