

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014
OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-9210

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

95-4035997

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**10889 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles, California**

(Address of principal executive offices)

90024

(Zip Code)

(310) 208-8800

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. R Yes £ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). R Yes £ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. (See definition of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

Large Accelerated FilerR Accelerated Filer£ Non-Accelerated Filer£ Smaller Reporting Company£

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) £ Yes R No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at March 31, 2014
Common stock \$.20 par value	785,614,144 shares

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
MARCH 31, 2014 AND DECEMBER 31, 2013
(Amounts in millions)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,332	\$ 3,393
Trade receivables, net	5,233	5,674
Inventories	1,308	1,200
Assets held for sale	825	—
Other current assets	<u>1,201</u>	<u>1,056</u>
Total current assets	<u>10,899</u>	<u>11,323</u>
INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	<u>1,511</u>	<u>1,459</u>
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net of accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization of \$33,746 at March 31, 2014 and \$33,231 at December 31, 2013	<u>56,044</u>	<u>55,821</u>
LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS, NET	<u>821</u>	<u>840</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 69,275</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 69,443</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
MARCH 31, 2014 AND DECEMBER 31, 2013
(Amounts in millions)

	2014	2013
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,423	\$ 5,520
Accrued liabilities	2,346	2,556
Domestic and foreign income taxes	326	358
Liabilities of assets held for sale	95	—
Total current liabilities	8,190	8,434
LONG-TERM DEBT, NET	6,877	6,939
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
Deferred domestic and foreign income taxes	7,398	7,197
Other	3,441	3,501
	10,839	10,698
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock, at par value	178	178
Treasury stock	(7,079)	(6,095)
Additional paid-in capital	7,543	7,515
Retained earnings	42,652	41,831
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(296)	(303)
Total equity attributable to common stock	42,998	43,126
Noncontrolling interest	371	246
Total stockholders' equity	43,369	43,372
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 69,275	\$ 69,443

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013
(Amounts in millions, except per-share amounts)

	2014	2013
REVENUES AND OTHER INCOME		
Net sales	\$ 6,088	\$ 5,872
Interest, dividends and other income	30	35
	<u>6,118</u>	<u>5,907</u>
COSTS AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS		
Cost of sales	3,198	3,137
Selling, general and administrative and other operating expenses	388	393
Taxes other than on income	203	186
Exploration expense	55	50
Interest and debt expense, net	20	34
	<u>3,864</u>	<u>3,800</u>
Income before income taxes and other items	2,254	2,107
Provision for domestic and foreign income taxes	(932)	(844)
Income from equity investments	67	96
Income from continuing operations	1,389	1,359
Discontinued operations, net	3	(4)
Net income	1,392	1,355
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(2)	—
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCK	<u>\$ 1,390</u>	<u>\$ 1,355</u>
BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE (attributable to common stock)		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.69
Discontinued operations, net	—	(0.01)
BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	<u>\$ 1.75</u>	<u>\$ 1.68</u>
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE (attributable to common stock)		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.69
Discontinued operations, net	—	(0.01)
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	<u>\$ 1.75</u>	<u>\$ 1.68</u>
DIVIDENDS PER COMMON SHARE	<u>\$ 0.72</u>	<u>\$ 0.64</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013
(Amounts in millions)

	2014	2013
Net income attributable to common stock	\$ 1,390	\$ 1,355
Other comprehensive income items:		
Foreign currency translation gains	—	1
Pension and postretirement gains ^(a)	4	9
Unrealized losses on derivatives ^(b)	(5)	(6)
Reclassification to income of realized losses (gains) on derivatives ^(c)	8	(4)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax ^(d)	7	—
Comprehensive income attributable to common stock	\$ 1,397	\$ 1,355

(a) Net of tax of \$(3) and \$(5) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(b) Net of tax of \$3 for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

(c) Net of tax of \$(4) and \$3 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(d) There were no other comprehensive income (loss) items related to noncontrolling interests in 2014 and 2013.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013
(Amounts in millions)

	2014	2013
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 1,392	\$ 1,355
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Discontinued operations, net	(3)	4
Depreciation, depletion and amortization of assets	1,266	1,259
Deferred income tax provision	198	274
Other noncash charges to income	56	54
Net distributions from equity investments	3	(22)
Dry hole expenses	34	25
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net	(242)	(228)
Operating cash flow from continuing operations	2,704	2,721
Operating cash flow from discontinued operations, net of taxes	(7)	(9)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,697	2,712
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures	(2,269)	(2,070)
Payments for purchases of assets and businesses	(7)	(94)
Other, net	(97)	(31)
Net cash used by investing activities	(2,373)	(2,195)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of long-term debt	(61)	—
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	13	10
Purchases of treasury stock	(946)	(6)
Cash dividends paid	(514)	—
Contributions from noncontrolling interest	123	26
Other, net	—	1
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(1,385)	31
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,061)	548
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of period	3,393	1,592
Cash and cash equivalents—end of period	\$ 2,332	\$ 2,140

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2014

1. General

In these unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements, "Occidental" means Occidental Petroleum Corporation, a Delaware corporation (OPC), or OPC and one or more entities in which it owns a controlling interest (subsidiaries). Occidental has made its disclosures in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles as they apply to interim reporting, and condensed or omitted, as permitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations, certain information and disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements and the notes. These consolidated condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto in Occidental's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

In the opinion of Occidental's management, the accompanying consolidated condensed financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to fairly present Occidental's consolidated financial position as of March 31, 2014, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, as applicable. The income and cash flows for the periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the income or cash flows to be expected for the full year.

Certain financial statements and notes for the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 presentation.

2. Asset Acquisitions, Dispositions and Other

In February 2014, Occidental entered into an agreement to sell its Hugoton Field operations in Kansas, Oklahoma and Colorado for \$1.4 billion. The transaction was completed in April 2014, resulting in pre-tax proceeds of \$1.3 billion, after taking into account purchase price adjustments. Occidental will record a gain on the sale in the second quarter of 2014. During the first quarter of 2014, the assets and liabilities related to these operations were classified as held for sale. As of March 31, 2014, current assets held for sale mainly consisted of property, plant and equipment, net (PP&E) of \$808 million and current liabilities of assets held for sale mainly consisted of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$67 million. As of December 31, 2013, the amounts related to these operations consisted of current assets of \$19 million, PP&E of \$807 million, current liabilities of \$73 million and long-term liabilities of \$25 million. Also in February 2014, the Board of Directors authorized initiation of efforts to separate Occidental's California assets into an independent and separately traded public company.

In November 2012, Occidental and Magellan Midstream Partners, L.P. (Magellan) formed BridgeTex Pipeline Company, LLC (BridgeTex). Construction of the pipeline continues and it is expected to begin service in the third quarter of 2014. Occidental owns a 50-percent interest in BridgeTex, which is a variable interest entity that Occidental consolidates. This investment is not material to Occidental's financial statements. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the BridgeTex assets and liabilities mainly comprised cash and cash equivalents and PP&E. As of March 31, 2014, BridgeTex's total cash, PP&E and non-controlling amounts (reflecting Magellan's interests) were \$82 million, \$639 million and \$371 million, respectively, and as of December 31, 2013, these amounts were \$82 million, \$420 million and \$246 million, respectively. BridgeTex's assets cannot be used for the obligations of, nor do BridgeTex's creditors have recourse to, OPC or its other subsidiaries.

3. Accounting and Disclosure Changes

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued rules changing the requirements for reporting discontinued operations so that only the disposals of components of an entity that represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results will be reported as discontinued operations in the financial statements. These rules are effective for annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014. They are not expected to have a material impact on Occidental's financial statements upon adoption and will require assessment on an ongoing basis.

In July 2013, the FASB issued rules requiring net, rather than gross, presentation of a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss or other tax credit and any related liability for unrecognized tax benefits. These rules became effective on January 1, 2014, and did not have a material impact on Occidental's financial statements.

4. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Occidental paid United States federal, state and foreign income taxes for continuing operations of approximately \$761 million and \$491 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Interest paid totaled approximately \$91 million and \$99 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

5. Inventories

A portion of inventories is valued under the LIFO method. The valuation of LIFO inventory for interim periods is based on Occidental's estimates of year-end inventory levels and costs. Inventories as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 consisted of the following (in millions):

	2014	2013
Raw materials	\$ 81	\$ 74
Materials and supplies	630	628
Finished goods	688	589
	1,399	1,291
LIFO reserve	(91)	(91)
Total	\$ 1,308	\$ 1,200

6. Environmental Liabilities and Expenditures

Occidental's operations are subject to stringent federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations related to improving or maintaining environmental quality.

The laws that require or address environmental remediation, including the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) and similar federal, state, local and foreign laws, may apply retroactively and regardless of fault, the legality of the original activities or the current ownership or control of sites. OPC or certain of its subsidiaries participate in or actively monitor a range of remedial activities and government or private proceedings under these laws with respect to alleged past practices at operating, closed and third-party sites. Remedial activities may include one or more of the following: investigation involving sampling, modeling, risk assessment or monitoring; cleanup measures including removal, treatment or disposal; or operation and maintenance of remedial systems. The environmental proceedings seek funding or performance of remediation and, in some cases, compensation for alleged property damage, punitive damages, civil penalties, injunctive relief and government oversight costs.

As of March 31, 2014, Occidental participated in or monitored remedial activities or proceedings at 156 sites. The following table presents Occidental's environmental remediation reserves as of March 31, 2014, the current portion of which is included in accrued liabilities (\$78 million) and the remainder in deferred credits and other liabilities — other (\$244 million). The reserves are grouped as environmental remediation sites listed or proposed for listing by the United States Environmental Protection Agency on the CERCLA National Priorities List (NPL sites) and three categories of non-NPL sites — third-party sites, Occidental-operated sites and closed or non-operated Occidental sites.

	Number of Sites	Reserve Balance (in millions)
NPL sites	31	\$ 25
Third-party sites	73	84
Occidental-operated sites	20	114
Closed or non-operated Occidental sites	32	99
Total	156	\$ 322

As of March 31, 2014, Occidental's environmental reserves exceeded \$10 million each at 10 of the 156 sites described above, and 108 of the sites had reserves from \$0 to \$1 million each. Based on current estimates, Occidental expects to expend funds corresponding to approximately half of the current environmental reserves at the sites described above over the next three to four years and the balance at these sites over the subsequent 10 or more years. Occidental believes its range of reasonably possible additional losses beyond those liabilities recorded for environmental remediation at these sites could be up to \$395 million. The status of Occidental's involvement with the sites and related significant assumptions have not changed materially since December 31, 2013. For management's opinion with respect to environmental matters, refer to Note 7.

7. Lawsuits, Claims, Commitments and Contingencies

OPC or certain of its subsidiaries are involved, in the normal course of business, in lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that seek, among other things, compensation for alleged personal injury, breach of contract, property damage or other losses, punitive damages, civil penalties, or injunctive or declaratory relief. OPC or certain of its subsidiaries also are involved in proceedings under CERCLA and similar federal, state, local and foreign environmental laws. These environmental proceedings seek funding or performance of remediation and, in some cases, compensation for alleged property damage, punitive damages, civil penalties and injunctive relief. Usually OPC or such subsidiaries are among many companies in these environmental proceedings and have to date been successful in sharing response costs with other financially sound companies. Further, some lawsuits, claims and legal proceedings involve acquired or disposed assets with respect to which a third party or Occidental retains liability or indemnifies the other party for conditions that existed prior to the transaction.

Occidental accrues reserves for currently outstanding lawsuits, claims and proceedings when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the liability can be reasonably estimated. Occidental has disclosed its reserve balances for environmental matters. Reserve balances for other matters as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were not material to Occidental's consolidated balance sheets. Occidental also evaluates the amount of reasonably possible losses that it could incur as a result of the matters mentioned above. Occidental has disclosed its range of reasonably possible additional losses for sites where it is a participant in environmental remediation. Occidental believes that other reasonably possible losses that it could incur in excess of reserves accrued on the balance sheet would not be material to its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

During the course of its operations, Occidental is subject to audit by tax authorities for varying periods in various federal, state, local and foreign tax jurisdictions. Although taxable years through 2009 for United States federal income tax purposes have been audited by the United States Internal Revenue Service (IRS) pursuant to its Compliance Assurance Program, subsequent taxable years are currently under review. Additionally, in December 2012, Occidental filed United States federal refund claims for tax years 2008 and 2009, which are subject to IRS review. Taxable years from 2000 through the current year remain subject to examination by foreign and state government tax authorities in certain jurisdictions. In certain of these jurisdictions, tax authorities are in various stages of auditing Occidental's income taxes. During the course of tax audits, disputes have arisen and other disputes may arise as to facts and matters of law. Occidental believes that the resolution of outstanding tax matters would not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

OPC, its subsidiaries or both have indemnified various parties against specified liabilities those parties might incur in the future in connection with purchases and other transactions that they have entered into with Occidental. These indemnities usually are contingent upon the other party incurring liabilities that reach specified thresholds. As of March 31, 2014, Occidental is not aware of circumstances that it believes would reasonably be expected to lead to indemnity claims that would result in payments materially in excess of reserves.

8. Retirement and Postretirement Benefit Plans

The following table sets forth the components of the net periodic benefit costs for Occidental's defined benefit pension and postretirement benefit plans for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (in millions):

Net Periodic Benefit Costs	2014		2013	
	Pension Benefit	Postretirement Benefit	Pension Benefit	Postretirement Benefit
Service cost	\$ 3	\$ 6	\$ 4	\$ 7
Interest cost	6	12	6	11
Expected return on plan assets	(8)	—	(8)	—
Recognized actuarial loss	1	6	4	10
Total	\$ 2	\$ 24	\$ 6	\$ 28

Occidental contributed approximately \$1 million in each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, to its defined benefit pension plans.

9. Fair Value Measurements

Occidental has categorized its assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a three-level fair value hierarchy, based on the inputs to the valuation techniques: Level 1 — using quoted prices in active markets for the assets or liabilities; Level 2 — using observable inputs other than quoted prices for the assets or liabilities; and Level 3 — using unobservable inputs. Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the end of each reporting period.

Fair Values — Recurring

Occidental primarily applies the market approach for recurring fair value measurements, maximizes its use of observable inputs and minimizes its use of unobservable inputs. Occidental utilizes the mid-point between bid and ask prices for valuing the majority of its assets and liabilities measured and reported at fair value. In addition to using market data, Occidental makes assumptions in valuing its assets and liabilities, including assumptions about the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. For assets and liabilities carried at fair value, Occidental measures fair value using the following methods:

- Ø Commodity derivatives – Occidental values exchange-cleared commodity derivatives using closing prices provided by the exchange as of the balance sheet date. These derivatives are classified as Level 1. Over-the-Counter (OTC) bilateral financial commodity contracts, foreign exchange contracts, options and physical commodity forward purchase and sale contracts are generally valued using quotations provided by brokers or industry-standard models that consider various inputs, including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value, volatility factors, credit risk and current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Substantially all of these inputs are observable in the marketplace throughout the full term of the instrument and can be derived from observable data or are supported by observable prices at which transactions are executed in the marketplace. Occidental classifies these measurements as Level 2.
- Ø Embedded commodity derivatives – Occidental values embedded commodity derivatives based on a market approach that considers various assumptions, including quoted forward commodity prices and market yield curves. The assumptions used include inputs that are observable and unobservable in the marketplace, and the fair value is designated as Level 3 within the valuation hierarchy.

Occidental generally uses an income approach to measure fair value when observable inputs are unavailable. This approach utilizes management's judgments regarding expectations of projected cash flows, and discounts those cash flows using a risk-adjusted discount rate.

The following tables provide fair value measurement information for such assets and liabilities that are measured on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in millions):

Description	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2014 Using			Netting and Collateral ^(a)	Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Assets:					
Commodity derivatives	\$ 403	\$ 166	\$ —	\$ (507)	\$ 62
Liabilities:					
Commodity derivatives	\$ 386	\$ 240	\$ —	\$ (530)	\$ 96

Description	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013 Using			Netting and Collateral ^(a)	Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Assets:					
Commodity derivatives	\$ 185	\$ 195	\$ —	\$ (329)	\$ 51
Liabilities:					
Commodity derivatives	\$ 199	\$ 223	\$ —	\$ (364)	\$ 58

(a) Represents the impact of netting assets, liabilities and collateral when a legal right of offset exists.

Fair Values — Nonrecurring

During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, Occidental did not have assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents and other on-balance-sheet financial instruments, other than fixed-rate debt, approximate fair value. The cost, if any, to terminate Occidental's off-balance-sheet financial instruments is not significant. Occidental estimates the fair value of fixed-rate debt based on the quoted market prices for those instruments or on quoted market yields for similarly rated debt instruments, taking into account such instruments' maturities. The estimated fair values of Occidental's debt as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were approximately \$7.1 billion at each date, and its carrying value at each date was \$6.9 billion. Occidental classifies its debt as Level 1.

10. Derivatives

Derivatives are carried at fair value and on a net basis when a legal right of offset exists with the same counterparty. Occidental applies hedge accounting when transactions meet specified criteria for cash-flow hedge treatment and management elects and documents such treatment. Otherwise, any fair value gains or losses are recognized in earnings in the current period.

Occidental uses a variety of derivative instruments, including cash-flow hedges and derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments, to obtain the average prices for the relevant production month and to improve realized prices for oil and gas. Occidental only occasionally hedges its oil and gas production, and, when it does so, the volumes are usually insignificant. Additionally, Occidental's Phibro trading unit engages in trading activities using derivatives for the purpose of generating profits mainly from market price changes of commodities.

Cash-Flow Hedges

Occidental entered into financial swap agreements in November 2012 for the sale of a portion of its natural gas production in California. These swap agreements hedged 50 million cubic feet of natural gas per day beginning in January 2013 through March 2014 and qualified as cash-flow hedges. The weighted-average strike price of these swaps was \$4.30.

Occidental's marketing and trading operations, from time to time, store natural gas purchased from third parties at Occidental's North American leased storage facilities. Derivative instruments used to fix margins on the future sales of stored volumes ended March 31, 2014. As of March 31, 2014, Occidental did not have any natural gas held in storage nor any natural gas cash-flow hedges. At December 31, 2013, Occidental had approximately 11 billion cubic feet of natural gas held in storage, and had cash-flow hedges for the forecast sale, to be settled by physical delivery, of approximately 13 billion cubic feet of this stored natural gas.

Occidental's after-tax gains and losses recognized in, and reclassified to income from, Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI) for derivative instruments classified as cash-flow hedges for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, and the ending AOCI balances for each period were not material. Occidental expects to reclassify an insignificant amount, based on the valuation as of March 31, 2014, of net after-tax derivative losses from AOCI into income during the next 12 months. The gains and losses reclassified to income were recognized in net sales, and the amount of the ineffective portion of cash-flow hedges was immaterial for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The following table summarizes Occidental's net volumes of outstanding commodity derivatives contracts not designated as hedging instruments, including both financial and physical derivative contracts as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Commodity	Net Outstanding Position	
	Long / (Short)	
	2014	2013
Oil (million barrels)	1	(1)
Natural gas (billion cubic feet)	(22)	(10)
Precious metals (million troy ounces)	1	1

The volumes in the table above exclude contracts tied to index prices, for which the fair value, if any, is minimal at any point in time. These contracts do not expose Occidental to price risk because the contract prices fluctuate with index prices.

In addition, Occidental typically has certain other commodity trading contracts, such as agricultural products, power and other metals, as well as foreign exchange contracts. These contracts were not material to Occidental as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Occidental fulfills its short positions through its own production or by third-party purchase contracts. Subsequent to March 31, 2014, Occidental entered into purchase contracts for a substantial portion of the outstanding positions at quarter-end and has sufficient production capacity and the ability to enter into additional purchase contracts to satisfy the remaining positions.

Approximately \$12 million and \$59 million of net gains from derivatives not designated as hedging instruments were recognized in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Fair Value of Derivatives

The following table presents the gross and net fair values of Occidental's outstanding derivatives as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in millions):

March 31, 2014	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
<u>Cash-flow hedges ^(a)</u>				
	Other current assets	\$ —	Accrued liabilities	\$ —
Commodity contracts	Long-term receivables and other assets, net	—	Deferred credits and other liabilities	—
		—		—
<u>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments ^(a)</u>				
	Other current assets	557	Accrued liabilities	616
Commodity contracts	Long-term receivables and other assets, net	12	Deferred credits and other liabilities	10
		569		626
Total gross fair value		569		626
Less: counterparty netting and cash collateral ^{(b) (d)}		(507)		(530)
<u>Total net fair value of derivatives</u>		<u>\$ 62</u>		<u>\$ 96</u>
December 31, 2013	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
<u>Cash-flow hedges ^(a)</u>				
	Other current assets	\$ —	Accrued liabilities	\$ 4
Commodity contracts	Long-term receivables and other assets, net	—	Deferred credits and other liabilities	—
		—		4
<u>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments ^(a)</u>				
	Other current assets	367	Accrued liabilities	407
Commodity contracts	Long-term receivables and other assets, net	13	Deferred credits and other liabilities	11
		380		418
Total gross fair value		380		422
Less: counterparty netting and cash collateral ^{(c) (d)}		(329)		(364)
<u>Total net fair value of derivatives</u>		<u>\$ 51</u>		<u>\$ 58</u>

(a) Fair values are presented at gross amounts, including when the derivatives are subject to master netting arrangements and presented on a net basis in the consolidated balance sheets.

(b) As of March 31, 2014, collateral received of \$14 million has been netted against derivative assets and collateral paid of \$37 million has been netted against derivative liabilities.

(c) As of December 31, 2013, collateral received of \$11 million has been netted against derivative assets and collateral paid of \$46 million has been netted against derivative liabilities.

(d) Select clearinghouses and brokers require Occidental to post an initial margin deposit. Collateral, mainly for initial margin, of \$74 million and \$103 million deposited by Occidental has not been reflected in these derivative fair value tables. This collateral is included in other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

See Note 9 for fair value measurement disclosures on derivatives.

Credit Risk

A substantial portion of Occidental's derivative transaction volume is executed through exchange-traded contracts, which are subject to minimal credit risk as a significant portion of these transactions is settled on a daily margin basis with select clearinghouses and brokers.

Occidental executes the rest of its derivative transactions in the OTC market. Occidental is subject to counterparty credit risk to the extent the counterparty to the derivatives is unable to meet its settlement commitments. Occidental manages this credit risk by selecting counterparties that it believes to be financially strong, by spreading the credit risk among many such counterparties, by entering into master netting arrangements with the counterparties and by requiring collateral, as appropriate. Occidental actively monitors the creditworthiness of each counterparty and records valuation adjustments to reflect counterparty risk, if necessary.

Certain of Occidental's OTC derivative instruments contain credit-risk-contingent features, primarily tied to credit ratings for Occidental or its counterparties, which may affect the amount of collateral that each would need to post. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, Occidental had a net liability of \$8 million for each period, which is net of collateral posted of \$22 million and \$23 million, respectively. Occidental believes that if it had received a one-notch reduction in its credit ratings, it would not have resulted in a material change in its collateral-posting requirements as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

11. Industry Segments

Occidental conducts its operations through three segments: (1) oil and gas; (2) chemical; and (3) midstream, marketing and other (midstream and marketing). The oil and gas segment explores for, develops and produces oil and condensate, natural gas liquids (NGL) and natural gas. The chemical segment mainly manufactures and markets basic chemicals and vinyls. The midstream and marketing segment gathers, processes, transports, stores, purchases and markets oil, condensate, NGLs, natural gas, carbon dioxide (CO₂) and power. It also trades around its assets, including transportation and storage capacity, and trades oil, NGLs, gas and other commodities. Additionally, the midstream and marketing segment invests in entities that conduct similar activities.

Earnings of industry segments generally exclude income taxes, interest income, interest expense, environmental remediation expenses, unallocated corporate expenses and discontinued operations, but include gains and losses from dispositions of segment assets and income from the segments' equity investments. Intersegment sales eliminate upon consolidation and are generally made at prices approximating those that the selling entity would be able to obtain in third-party transactions.

The following tables present Occidental's industry segment and corporate disclosures (in millions):

	Oil and Gas	Chemical	Midstream and Marketing	Corporate and Eliminations	Total
Three months ended March 31, 2014					
Net sales	\$ 4,676	\$ 1,220	\$ 435	\$ (243)	\$ 6,088
Pretax operating profit (loss)	\$ 2,104	\$ 136	\$ 172	\$ (91) ^(a)	\$ 2,321
Income taxes	—	—	—	(932) ^(b)	(932)
Discontinued operations, net	—	—	—	3	3
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	—	—	(2)	—	(2)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stock	\$ 2,104	\$ 136	\$ 170	\$ (1,020)	\$ 1,390
Three months ended March 31, 2013					
Net sales	\$ 4,440	\$ 1,175	\$ 453	\$ (196)	\$ 5,872
Pretax operating profit (loss)	\$ 1,920	\$ 159	\$ 215	\$ (91) ^(a)	\$ 2,203
Income taxes	—	—	—	(844) ^(b)	(844)
Discontinued operations, net	—	—	—	(4)	(4)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stock	\$ 1,920	\$ 159	\$ 215	\$ (939)	\$ 1,355

(a) Includes unallocated net interest expense, administration expense, environmental remediation and other pre-tax items.

(b) Includes all foreign and domestic income taxes from continuing operations.

12. Earnings Per Share

Occidental's instruments containing rights to nonforfeitable dividends granted in stock-based awards are considered participating securities prior to vesting and, therefore, have been deducted from earnings in computing basic and diluted EPS under the two-class method.

Basic EPS was computed by dividing net income attributable to common stock, net of income allocated to participating securities, by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each period, net of treasury shares and including vested but unissued shares and share units. The computation of diluted EPS reflects the additional dilutive effect of stock options and unvested stock awards.

The following table presents the calculation of basic and diluted EPS for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

<i>(in millions, except per-share amounts)</i>	2014	2013
Basic EPS		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1,389	\$ 1,359
Less: Income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	(2)	—
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stock	1,387	1,359
Discontinued operations, net	3	(4)
Net income attributable to common stock	1,390	1,355
Less: Net income allocated to participating securities	(2)	(2)
Net income attributable to common stock, net of participating securities	<u>\$ 1,388</u>	<u>\$ 1,353</u>
Weighted average number of basic shares	<u>791.3</u>	<u>804.7</u>
Basic EPS	<u>\$ 1.75</u>	<u>\$ 1.68</u>
Diluted EPS		
Net income attributable to common stock, net of participating securities	<u>\$ 1,388</u>	<u>\$ 1,353</u>
Weighted average number of basic shares	791.3	804.7
Dilutive effect of potentially dilutive securities	0.4	0.5
Total diluted weighted average common shares	<u>791.7</u>	<u>805.2</u>
Diluted EPS	<u>\$ 1.75</u>	<u>\$ 1.68</u>

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Consolidated Results of Operations

In this report, "Occidental" means Occidental Petroleum Corporation (OPC), or OPC and one or more entities in which it owns a controlling interest (subsidiaries). Occidental reported net income of \$1.4 billion for the first quarter of 2014 on net sales of \$6.1 billion, compared to net income of \$1.4 billion on net sales of \$5.9 billion for the same period of 2013. Diluted earnings per share (EPS) were \$1.75 and \$1.68 for the first quarters of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same period of 2013, reflected higher domestic prices for oil, gas and natural gas liquids (NGL) and higher worldwide oil volumes, partially offset by lower international oil prices, higher domestic operating costs, higher DD&A rates, lower chemical earnings and a decline in marketing and trading performance.

Selected Income Statement Items

Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2014, of \$6.1 billion, compared to \$5.9 billion for the same period of 2013, reflected higher domestic prices for oil, gas and NGLs and higher worldwide oil volumes, partially offset by lower international oil prices, lower caustic soda prices and a decline in marketing and trading performance.

Cost of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same period in 2013, reflected higher domestic oil and gas operating expenses, in particular the cost of injectants, such as CO₂ and steam, and energy, as well as higher raw material and manufacturing costs for the chemical segment, partially offset by lower international oil and gas operating expenses resulting from the timing of liftings and planned maintenance costs in the prior year.

The increase in the provision for domestic and foreign income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same period of 2013, was due to a higher effective tax rate in 2014, compared to the 2013 rate, which included a benefit resulting from the relinquishment of an international exploration block.

Selected Analysis of Financial Position

See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" for discussion about the changes in cash and cash equivalents. Additionally, during the first quarter of 2014, the assets and liabilities related to Occidental's operations in the Hugoton Field were classified as held for sale.

The decrease in trade receivables, net, was due to higher lifting volumes at the end of December 2013, compared to the end of March 2014. The increase in inventories was due to higher oil inventories at March 31, 2014, compared to December 31, 2013. The increase in other current assets reflected the timing of oil and gas joint venture and partner receivables. The increase in property, plant and equipment, net, reflected capital expenditures of \$2.3 billion, partially offset by DD&A.

The decrease in accrued liabilities reflected the first quarter 2014 payments of compensation-related costs and ad valorem taxes. The increase in deferred domestic and foreign income taxes was mainly due to faster tax depreciation on capital expenditures. The slight decrease in stockholders' equity was due to stock repurchases and dividends, mostly offset by net income and contributions from a noncontrolling interest in the first three months of 2014.

Segment Operations

Occidental conducts its operations through three segments: (1) oil and gas; (2) chemical; and (3) midstream, marketing and other (midstream and marketing). The oil and gas segment explores for, develops and produces oil and condensate, NGLs and natural gas. The chemical segment mainly manufactures and markets basic chemicals and vinyls. The midstream and marketing segment gathers, processes, transports, stores, purchases and markets oil, condensate, NGLs, natural gas, carbon dioxide (CO₂) and power. It also trades around its assets, including transportation and storage capacity, and trades oil, NGLs, gas and other commodities. Additionally, the midstream and marketing segment invests in entities that conduct similar activities.

The following table sets forth the sales and earnings of each operating segment and corporate items for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (in millions):

	2014	2013
Net Sales ^(a)		
Oil and Gas	\$ 4,676	\$ 4,440
Chemical	1,220	1,175
Midstream and Marketing	435	453
Eliminations	(243)	(196)
	<u>\$ 6,088</u>	<u>\$ 5,872</u>
Segment Earnings ^(b)		
Oil and Gas	\$ 2,104	\$ 1,920
Chemical	136	159
Midstream and Marketing ^(c)	170	215
	<u>2,410</u>	<u>2,294</u>
Unallocated Corporate Items ^(b)		
Interest expense, net	(19)	(30)
Income taxes	(932)	(844)
Other expense, net	(72)	(61)
	<u>(1,023)</u>	<u>(935)</u>
Income from continuing operations ^(c)	1,387	1,359
Discontinued operations, net	3	(4)
	<u>1,390</u>	<u>1,355</u>
Net income attributable to common stock ^(c)	<u>\$ 1,390</u>	<u>\$ 1,355</u>

(a) Intersegment sales eliminate upon consolidation and are generally made at prices approximating those that the selling entity would be able to obtain in third-party transactions.

(b) Refer to "Significant Transactions and Events Affecting Earnings," "Oil and Gas Segment," "Chemical Segment," "Midstream and Marketing Segment" and "Corporate" discussions that follow.

(c) Represents amounts attributable to common stock shown after deducting a noncontrolling interest amount of \$2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Significant Transactions and Events Affecting Earnings

The following table sets forth, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, significant transactions and events affecting Occidental's earnings that vary widely and unpredictably in nature, timing and amount (in millions):

	2014	2013
Oil & Gas		
No significant items affecting earnings	\$ —	\$ —
Total Oil and Gas	\$ —	\$ —
Chemical		
No significant items affecting earnings	\$ —	\$ —
Total Chemical	\$ —	\$ —
Midstream and Marketing		
No significant items affecting earnings	\$ —	\$ —
Total Midstream and Marketing	\$ —	\$ —
Corporate		
Discontinued operations, net*	\$ 3	\$ (4)
Total Corporate	\$ 3	\$ (4)
Total	\$ 3	\$ (4)

*Amounts shown after tax.

Worldwide Effective Tax Rate

The following table sets forth the calculation of the worldwide effective tax rate for income from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (\$ in millions):

	2014	2013
Oil & Gas earnings	\$ 2,104	\$ 1,920
Chemical earnings	136	159
Midstream and Marketing earnings	170	215
Unallocated corporate items	(91)	(91)
Pre-tax income	2,319	2,203
Income tax expense		
Federal and state	379	292
Foreign	553	552
Total	932	844
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1,387	\$ 1,359
Worldwide effective tax rate ^(a)	40%	38%

(a) The 2013 amount includes the benefit from the relinquishment of an international exploration block.

Oil and Gas Segment

The following tables set forth the production and sales volumes of oil, NGLs and natural gas per day for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. The differences between the production and sales volumes per day are generally due to the timing of shipments at Occidental's international locations where product is loaded onto tankers.

Production per Day	2014	2013
Oil (MBBL)		
United States	274	264
Middle East/North Africa	167	175
Latin America	29	29
NGLs (MBBL)		
United States	75	78
Middle East/North Africa	6	7
Natural Gas (MMCF)		
United States	752	817
Middle East/North Africa	402	432
Latin America	12	13
Total production (MBOE) ^(a)	745	763
Sales Volumes per Day		
Oil (MBBL)		
United States	274	264
Middle East/North Africa	153	156
Latin America	32	30
NGLs (MBBL)		
United States	75	78
Middle East/North Africa	6	7
Natural Gas (MMCF)		
United States	756	819
Middle East/North Africa	402	432
Latin America	12	13
Total sales volumes (MBOE) ^(a)	735	746

Note: MBBL represents thousand barrels. MMCF represents million cubic feet. MBOE represents thousand barrels of oil equivalent.

(a) Natural gas volumes have been converted to barrels of oil equivalent (BOE) based on energy content of six thousand cubic feet (Mcf) of gas to one barrel of oil. Barrels of oil equivalence does not necessarily result in price equivalence. The price of natural gas on a BOE basis is currently substantially lower than the corresponding price for oil and has been similarly lower for a number of years. For example, for the first quarter of 2014, the average prices of West Texas Intermediate (WTI) oil and New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) natural gas were \$98.68 per barrel and \$4.66 per Mcf, respectively, resulting in an oil-to-gas ratio of over 20.

The following tables present information about Occidental's average realized prices and index prices for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

Average Realized Prices	2014	2013
Oil (\$/BBL)		
United States	\$ 95.94	\$ 91.57
Middle East/North Africa	\$ 104.65	\$ 107.52
Latin America	\$ 98.53	\$ 107.18
Total Worldwide	\$ 99.00	\$ 98.07
NGLs (\$/BBL)		
United States	\$ 46.69	\$ 40.59
Middle East/North Africa	\$ 38.43	\$ 36.56
Total Worldwide	\$ 46.05	\$ 40.27
Natural Gas (\$/MCF)		
United States	\$ 4.57	\$ 3.08
Latin America	\$ 10.81	\$ 11.60
Total Worldwide	\$ 3.32	\$ 2.37
Average Index Prices		
WTI oil (\$/BBL)	\$ 98.68	\$ 94.37
Brent oil (\$/BBL)	\$ 107.90	\$ 112.64
NYMEX gas (\$/MCF)	\$ 4.66	\$ 3.37
Average Realized Prices as Percentage of Average Index Prices		
Worldwide oil as a percentage of average WTI	100%	104%
Worldwide oil as a percentage of average Brent	92%	87%
Worldwide NGLs as a percentage of average WTI	47%	43%
Domestic natural gas as a percentage of average NYMEX	98%	91%

Oil and gas segment earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were \$2.1 billion, compared to \$1.9 billion for the same period of 2013. The year-over-year increase in these earnings resulted from higher domestic oil, NGL and gas prices and higher worldwide oil volumes, partially offset by lower international oil prices, higher domestic operating costs and higher DD&A rates. The increase in domestic operating costs was due to higher costs for injectants, such as CO₂ and steam, and energy, as well as increased downhole maintenance activity levels. Excluding the impact of these increases, the domestic costs were \$0.10 per BOE lower for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same period of 2013.

Approximately 60 percent of Occidental's oil production tracks world oil prices, such as Brent, and 40 percent tracks WTI. For example, the pricing for Occidental's California oil production is typically linked to world prices. Price changes at current global prices and levels of production affect Occidental's quarterly pre-tax income by approximately \$38 million for a \$1.00 per barrel change in global oil prices and approximately \$7 million for a \$1.00 per barrel change in NGL prices. A change of \$0.50 per Mcf in domestic gas prices affects quarterly pre-tax earnings by approximately \$20 million. These price change sensitivities include the impact of volume changes from production-sharing and similar contracts. If production levels change in the future, the sensitivity of Occidental's results to oil, NGL and gas prices also would change.

Oil and gas production in the first quarter of 2014 was 745,000 BOE per day, compared with 763,000 BOE per day for the same period of 2013. Domestic oil production increased by 10,000 barrels per day, but overall domestic production was lower 4,000 BOE per day mostly due to reduced domestic gas drilling. Middle East/North Africa production decreased by 14,000 BOE per day, mainly due to field and port strikes in Libya, insurgent activity in Yemen and the impact of full cost recovery and other adjustments under Occidental's production-sharing agreements, partially offset by an increase of 9,000 BOE per day in Qatar. Daily sales volumes were 735,000 BOE for the first quarter of

2014 and 746,000 BOE for the same period of 2013. Sales volumes were lower than production volumes due to the timing of liftings in Occidental's international operations.

Taxes other than on income, which are generally related to domestic product prices, were \$2.94 per BOE for the first three months of 2014, compared with \$2.57 per BOE for the total year 2013.

In February 2014, Occidental entered into an agreement to sell its Hugoton Field operations in Kansas, Oklahoma and Colorado for \$1.4 billion. The transaction was completed in April 2014, resulting in pre-tax proceeds of \$1.3 billion, after taking into account purchase price adjustments. Occidental will record a gain on the sale in the second quarter of 2014. Also in February 2014, the Board of Directors authorized initiation of efforts to separate Occidental's California assets into an independent and separately traded public company. Additionally, Occidental decided to retain its interests in the Williston Basin.

Chemical Segment

Chemical segment earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were \$136 million, compared to \$159 million for the same period of 2013. The decrease was primarily from lower caustic soda prices driven by new chlor-alkali capacity in the industry. Higher polyvinyl chloride and vinyl chloride margins, resulting from improvement in United States construction markets, along with higher volumes across all products, offset most of the decline.

Midstream and Marketing Segment

Midstream and marketing segment earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$170 million and \$215 million, respectively. The decrease reflected lower marketing and trading performance due to the timing of mark-to-market adjustments on trading contracts.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At March 31, 2014, Occidental had approximately \$2.3 billion in cash on hand. In addition, Occidental has a bank credit facility (Credit Facility) with a \$2.0 billion commitment expiring in 2016. No amounts have been drawn under this Credit Facility. Income and cash flows are largely dependent on the oil and gas segment's prices, sales volumes and costs. Occidental believes that cash on hand and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to fund its operating needs and planned capital expenditures, dividends and any debt payments. Occidental, from time to time, may access and has accessed debt markets for general corporate purposes, including acquisitions.

With net income unchanged at \$1.4 billion for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, net cash provided by operating activities was also comparable at \$2.7 billion for each period. Cash flow from operations in the first three months of 2014, compared to the same period of 2013, reflected higher worldwide oil volumes, 48-percent higher average domestic gas prices, 5-percent higher domestic oil prices and 15-percent higher domestic NGL prices, partially offset by lower international oil prices. The impact of the chemical and the midstream and marketing segments on overall cash flows is typically less significant than the impact of the oil and gas segment because the chemical and midstream and marketing segments are significantly smaller.

Occidental's net cash used by investing activities was \$2.4 billion for the first three months of 2014, compared to \$2.2 billion for the same period of 2013. Capital expenditures for the first three months of 2014 were \$2.3 billion, of which \$1.8 billion and \$0.4 billion were for the oil and gas and the midstream and marketing segments, respectively. Capital expenditures for the first three months of 2013 were \$2.1 billion, including \$1.7 billion and \$0.3 billion for the oil and gas and the midstream and marketing segments, respectively.

Occidental's net cash used by financing activities was approximately \$1.4 billion for the first three months of 2014, compared to net cash provided by financing activities of approximately \$31 million for the same period of 2013. The 2014 amount included repurchases of treasury stock of \$0.9 billion and \$61 million used to retire debt, partly offset by \$123 million of contributions received from a noncontrolling interest. Additionally, the first quarter of 2014 included dividend payments of \$0.5 billion, while the first quarter of 2013 did not, due to the accelerated payment in 2012 of that year's fourth quarter dividend.

As of March 31, 2014, under the most restrictive covenants of its financing agreements, Occidental had substantial capacity for additional unsecured borrowings, the payment of cash dividends and other distributions on, or acquisitions of, Occidental stock.

Environmental Liabilities and Expenditures

Occidental's operations are subject to stringent federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations related to improving or maintaining environmental quality. Occidental's environmental compliance costs have generally increased over time and are expected to rise in the future. Occidental factors environmental expenditures for its operations into its business planning process as an integral part of producing quality products responsive to market demand.

The laws that require or address environmental remediation, including the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) and similar federal, state, local and foreign laws, may apply retroactively and regardless of fault, the legality of the original activities or the current ownership or control of sites. OPC or certain of its subsidiaries participate in or actively monitor a range of remedial activities and government or private proceedings under these laws with respect to alleged past practices at operating, closed and third-party sites. Remedial activities may include one or more of the following: investigation involving sampling, modeling, risk assessment or monitoring; cleanup measures including removal, treatment or disposal; or operation and maintenance of remedial systems. The environmental proceedings seek funding or performance of remediation and, in some cases, compensation for alleged property damage, punitive damages, civil penalties, injunctive relief and government oversight costs.

As of March 31, 2014, Occidental participated in or monitored remedial activities or proceedings at 156 sites. The following table presents Occidental's environmental remediation reserves as of March 31, 2014, grouped as environmental remediation sites listed or proposed for listing by the United States Environmental Protection Agency on the CERCLA National Priorities List (NPL sites) and three categories of non-NPL sites — third-party sites, Occidental-operated sites and closed or non-operated Occidental sites.

	Number of Sites	Reserve Balance (in millions)
NPL sites	31	\$ 25
Third-party sites	73	84
Occidental-operated sites	20	114
Closed or non-operated Occidental sites	32	99
Total	156	\$ 322

As of March 31, 2014, Occidental's environmental reserves exceeded \$10 million each at 10 of the 156 sites described above, and 108 of the sites had reserves from \$0 to \$1 million each. Based on current estimates, Occidental expects to expend funds corresponding to approximately half of the current environmental reserves at the sites described above over the next three to four years and the balance at these sites over the subsequent 10 or more years. Occidental believes its range of reasonably possible additional losses beyond those liabilities recorded for environmental remediation at these sites could be up to \$395 million. The status of Occidental's involvement with the sites and related significant assumptions have not changed materially since December 31, 2013.

Refer to the "Environmental Liabilities and Expenditures" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Occidental's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, for additional information regarding Occidental's environmental expenditures.

Lawsuits, Claims, Commitments and Contingencies

OPC or certain of its subsidiaries are involved, in the normal course of business, in lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that seek, among other things, compensation for alleged personal injury, breach of contract, property damage or other losses, punitive damages, civil penalties, or injunctive or declaratory relief. OPC or certain of its subsidiaries also are involved in proceedings under CERCLA and similar federal, state, local and foreign environmental laws. These environmental proceedings seek funding or performance of remediation and, in some cases, compensation for alleged property damage, punitive damages, civil penalties and injunctive relief. Usually OPC or such subsidiaries are among many companies in these environmental proceedings and have to date been successful in sharing response costs with other financially sound companies. Further, some lawsuits, claims and legal proceedings involve acquired or disposed assets with respect to which a third party or Occidental retains liability or indemnifies the other party for conditions that existed prior to the transaction.

Occidental accrues reserves for currently outstanding lawsuits, claims and proceedings when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the liability can be reasonably estimated. Occidental has disclosed its reserve balances for environmental matters. Reserve balances for other matters as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were not material to Occidental's consolidated balance sheets. Occidental also evaluates the amount of reasonably possible losses that it could incur as a result of the matters mentioned above. Occidental has disclosed its range of reasonably possible additional losses for sites where it is a participant in environmental remediation. Occidental believes that other reasonably possible losses that it could incur in excess of reserves accrued on the balance sheet would not be material to its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

During the course of its operations, Occidental is subject to audit by tax authorities for varying periods in various federal, state, local and foreign tax jurisdictions. Although taxable years through 2009 for United States federal income tax purposes have been audited by the United States Internal Revenue Service (IRS) pursuant to its Compliance Assurance Program, subsequent taxable years are currently under review. Additionally, in December 2012, Occidental filed United States federal refund claims for tax years 2008 and 2009, which are subject to IRS review. Taxable years from 2000 through the current year remain subject to examination by foreign and state government tax authorities in certain jurisdictions. In certain of these jurisdictions, tax authorities are in various stages of auditing Occidental's income taxes. During the course of tax audits, disputes have arisen and other disputes may arise as to facts and matters of law. Occidental believes that the resolution of outstanding tax matters would not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

OPC, its subsidiaries or both have indemnified various parties against specified liabilities those parties might incur in the future in connection with purchases and other transactions that they have entered into with Occidental. These indemnities usually are contingent upon the other party incurring liabilities that reach specified thresholds. As of March 31, 2014, Occidental is not aware of circumstances that it believes would reasonably be expected to lead to indemnity claims that would result in payments materially in excess of reserves.

Recently Adopted Accounting and Disclosure Changes

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued rules changing the requirements for reporting discontinued operations to where only the disposals of components of an entity that represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results will be reported as discontinued operations in the financial statements. These rules are effective for the annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014. They are not expected to have a material impact on Occidental's financial statements upon adoption and will require assessment on an ongoing basis.

In July 2013, the FASB issued rules requiring net, rather than gross, presentation of a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss or other tax credit and any related liability for unrecognized tax benefits. These rules became effective on January 1, 2014, and did not have a material impact on Occidental's financial statements.

Safe Harbor Statement Regarding Outlook and Forward-Looking Information

Portions of this report contain forward-looking statements and involve risks and uncertainties that could materially affect expected results of operations, liquidity, cash flows and business prospects. Actual results may differ from anticipated results, sometimes materially, and reported results should not be considered an indication of future performance. Factors that could cause results to differ include, but are not limited to: global commodity pricing fluctuations; supply and demand considerations for Occidental's products; higher-than-expected costs; the regulatory approval environment; reorganization or restructuring of Occidental's operations; not successfully completing, or any material delay of, field developments, expansion projects, capital expenditures, efficiency projects, acquisitions or dispositions; lower-than-expected production from development projects or acquisitions; exploration risks; general economic slowdowns domestically or internationally; political conditions and events; liability under environmental regulations including remedial actions; litigation; disruption or interruption of production or manufacturing or facility damage due to accidents, chemical releases, labor unrest, weather, natural disasters, cyber attacks or insurgent activity; failure of risk management; changes in law or regulations; or changes in tax rates. Words such as "estimate," "project," "predict," "will," "would," "should," "could," "may," "might," "anticipate," "plan," "intend," "believe," "expect," "aim," "goal," "target," "objective," "likely" or similar expressions that convey the prospective nature of events or outcomes generally indicate forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report. Unless legally required, Occidental does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements, as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Material risks that may affect Occidental's results of operations and financial position appear in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of the 2013 Form 10-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, there were no material changes in the information required to be provided under Item 305 of Regulation S-K included under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Incorporating Item 7A) — Derivative Activities and Market Risk" in the 2013 Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Occidental's President and Chief Executive Officer and its Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer supervised and participated in Occidental's evaluation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, Occidental's President and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer concluded that Occidental's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2014.

There has been no change in Occidental's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) during the first quarter of 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, Occidental's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding legal proceedings, see Note 7 to the consolidated condensed financial statements in Part I of this Form 10-Q, and Part I, Item 3, "Legal Proceedings" in the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Item 2. Share Repurchase Activities

Occidental's share repurchase activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014, were as follows:

<u>Period</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased</u>	<u>Average Price Paid per Share</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</u>	<u>Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</u> ^(a)
January 1 – 31, 2014	1,275,000	\$ 94.20	1,275,000	
February 1 – 28, 2014	3,825,000	\$ 91.34	3,825,000	
March 1 – 31, 2014	5,425,000	\$ 94.90	5,425,000	
<u>Total</u>	<u>10,525,000</u>	<u>\$ 93.52</u>	<u>10,525,000</u>	<u>26,441,168</u>

(a) Represents the number of shares remaining at March 31, 2014 under Occidental's share repurchase program. In February 2014, Occidental increased the number of shares authorized for its program by 30 million from 95 million; however, the program does not obligate Occidental to acquire any specific number of shares and may be discontinued at any time.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 10.1 Occidental Petroleum Corporation 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan Common Stock Unit Award For Non-Employee Directors Grant Agreement.
- 10.2 Occidental Petroleum Corporation 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan Common Stock Award For Non-Employee Directors Grant Agreement.
- 12 Statement regarding the computation of total enterprise ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, and for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2013.
- 31.1 Certification of CEO Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of CFO Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certifications of CEO and CFO Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document.
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

DATE: May 5, 2014

/s/ Roy Pineci

Roy Pineci

Vice President, Controller and

Principal Accounting Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBITS

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**OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION 2005 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN
COMMON STOCK UNIT AWARD
FOR NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS
GRANT AGREEMENT**

Name of Grantee:

Date of Grant:

Number of Common Stock Units:

Agreement (this "Agreement") made as of the Date of Grant between OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation ("Occidental"), and with its subsidiaries (the "Company"), and the Eligible Person receiving this Award (the "Grantee").

1. Grant of Common Stock Units. In accordance with this Agreement and the Occidental Petroleum Corporation 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan"), Occidental hereby grants to the Grantee as of the Date of Grant, the number of Common Stock Units set forth above. For purposes of this Agreement, a grant of Common Stock Units is a bookkeeping entry that represents the right to receive an equivalent number of shares of Occidental common stock, \$0.20 par value (the "Common Stock"), on the applicable payment date set forth in Section 4. Common Stock Units are not shares of Common Stock and have no voting rights or, except as stated in Section 5, dividend rights.

2. Restrictions on Transfer. Neither this Agreement nor any right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to this Agreement may be transferred or assigned by the Grantee other than to a beneficiary designated on a form approved by Occidental (if enforceable under local law), by will or, if the Grantee dies without designating a beneficiary of a valid will, by the laws of descent and distribution. Any purported transfer, encumbrance or other disposition of the Grantee's rights under this Agreement that is in violation of this Section 2 shall be null and void.

3. Vesting of Common Stock Units. The Common Stock Units shall be fully vested and nonforfeitable as of the Date of Grant.

4. Payment of Awards. Fifty percent (50%) of the Common Stock Units shall be payable on the third anniversary of the Date of Grant, and the other fifty percent (50%) of the Common Stock Units shall be payable on the date of the Grantee's "separation from service" (as defined under Section 409A of the Code) for any reason, including as a result of the Grantee's ceasing to serve on the Board, death or Disability ("Separation from Service"); provided, however, that all of the Common Stock Units shall immediately become payable upon (i) the occurrence of a Change in Control, but only if such Change in Control constitutes a "change in control event" for purposes of Section 409A of the Code, or (ii) the Grantee's Separation from Service. Payment in each case shall be made within 45 days after the applicable payment event stated in the previous sentence. Payment shall be made in the form of shares of Common Stock equal in number to the number of Common Stock Units with respect to which payment is being made on that date, plus cash for any fractional share units.

- 5. Crediting and Payment of Dividend Equivalents.** With respect to the number of Common Stock Units listed above, the Grantee shall be credited on the books and records of Occidental with an amount (the "Dividend Equivalent") equal to the amount per share of any cash dividends declared by the Board on the outstanding Common Stock as and when declared during the period beginning on the Date of Grant and ending on the applicable payment date set forth in Section 4. Occidental will pay in cash to the Grantee an amount equal to the Dividend Equivalents credited to such Grantee in the calendar quarter next following the relevant dividend declaration date.
- 6. Retention as Director.** Nothing contained in this Agreement shall interfere with or limit in any way the right of the stockholders of Occidental to remove the Grantee from the Board pursuant to the by-laws of Occidental, nor confer upon any Grantee any right to continue in the service of Occidental as a member of the Board.
- 7. Taxes and Withholding.** The Grantee is responsible for any federal, state, local or non-U.S. tax, including income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax-related withholding with respect to the grant of Common Stock Units (including the grant, the vesting, the receipt of Common Stock, the sale of Common Stock and the receipt of dividend equivalents, if any). The Company does not guarantee any particular tax treatment or results in connection with the grant, vesting or payment of the Common Stock Units or the payment of dividend equivalents.
- 8. Compliance with Law.** The Company will make reasonable efforts to comply with all applicable federal, state and foreign securities laws; however, the Company will not issue any Common Stock or other securities pursuant to this Agreement if their issuance would result in a violation of any such law by the Company.
- 9. Adjustments.** The number or kind of shares of stock covered by this Common Stock Unit Award may be adjusted as the Administrator determines pursuant to Section 7.2 of the Plan in order to prevent dilution or expansion of the Grantee's rights under this Agreement as a result of events such as stock dividends, stock splits, or other change in the capital structure of Occidental, or any merger, consolidation, spin-off, liquidation or other corporate transaction or event having a similar effect. If any such adjustment occurs, the Company will give the Grantee written notice of the adjustment containing an explanation of the nature of the adjustment.
- 10. Amendments.** The Plan may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, as provided in the Plan. Any amendment to the Plan will be deemed to be an amendment to this Agreement to the extent it is applicable to this Agreement; however, except to the extent necessary to comply with applicable law, no amendment will adversely affect the rights of the Grantee under this Agreement without the Grantee's consent.

11. Severability. If one or more of the provisions of this Agreement is invalidated for any reason by a court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidated provisions shall be deemed to be separable from the other provisions of this Agreement, and the remaining provisions of this Agreement will continue to be valid and fully enforceable.

12. Relation to Plan; Interpretation. This Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan. In the event of any inconsistent provisions between this Agreement and the Plan, the provisions of the Plan control. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement without definitions have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan. References to Sections are to Sections of this Agreement unless otherwise noted.

13. Successors and Assigns. Subject to Sections 2 and 3, the provisions of this Agreement shall be for the benefit of, and be binding upon, the successors, administrators, heirs, legal representatives and assigns of the Grantee, and the successors and assigns of the Company.

14. Governing Law. The laws of the State of Delaware govern the interpretation, performance, and enforcement of this Agreement.

15. Notices. Any notice to the Company provided for in this Agreement will be given to its Secretary at 10889 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90024, and any notice to the Grantee will be addressed to the Grantee at his or her address currently on file with the Company. Any written notice will be deemed to be duly given when received if delivered personally or sent by telecopy, e-mail, or the United States mail, first class registered mail, postage and fees prepaid, and addressed as provided in this paragraph. Any party may change the address to which notices are to be given by written notice to the other party as specified in the preceding sentence.

16. Privacy Rights. By accepting this Award, the Grantee explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of the Grantee's personal data as described in this Agreement by and among, as applicable, the Company and its affiliates for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Grantee's participation in the Plan. The Company holds or may receive from any agent designated by the Company certain personal information about the Grantee, including, but not limited to, the Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in Occidental, details of this Common Stock Unit Award or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in the Grantee's favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan, including complying with applicable tax and securities laws ("Data"). Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. These recipients may be located in the Grantee's country or elsewhere, and may have different data privacy laws and protections than the Grantee's country. By accepting this Agreement, the Grantee authorizes the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes described above. The Grantee may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting the Administrator in writing. Refusing or withdrawing consent may affect the Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan.

17. Electronic Delivery. The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to this Common Stock Unit Award granted under the Plan or future awards that may be granted under the Plan (if any) by electronic means or to request the Grantee's consent to participate in the Plan by electronic means. The Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and, if requested, to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company.

18. Compliance With Section 409A of the Code. To the extent that the Board determines that the Plan or this Award is subject to Section 409A of the Code, this Agreement shall be interpreted and administered in such a way as to comply with the applicable provisions of Section 409A to the maximum extent possible. In addition, if this Award is subject to Section 409A and the Grantee must be treated as a "specified employee" within the meaning of Section 409A, any payments made on account of the Grantee's Separation from Service will be made at the time specified above in Section 4 or, if later, on the date that is six (6) months and one (1) day following the date of the Grantee's Separation from Service. To the extent that the Board determines that the Plan or this Award is subject to Section 409A and fails to comply with the requirements of Section 409A, the Board reserves the right (without any obligation to do so) to amend or terminate the Plan and/or amend, restructure, terminate or replace this Award in order to cause this Award to either not be subject to Section 409A or to comply with the applicable provisions of such section.

19. Grantee's Representations and Releases. By accepting this Award, the Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee has read this Agreement and understands that the future value of any shares of Common Stock issued pursuant to this Common Stock Unit Award cannot be predicted and Occidental does not assume liability in the event such shares of Common Stock have no value in the future; and the Grantee will be solely responsible for the payment or nonpayment of taxes imposed or threatened to be imposed by any authority of any jurisdiction. In consideration of the grant of this Common Stock Unit Award, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of this Common Stock Unit Award or diminution in value of this Common Stock Unit Award or Common Stock issued pursuant to this Common Stock Unit Award resulting from termination of the Grantee's service as a member of the Board and the Grantee irrevocably releases the Company from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by accepting this Agreement, the Grantee shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived his or her entitlement to pursue such claim.

Signatures on the Following Page

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed on its behalf by its duly authorized officer and Grantee has also executed this Agreement in duplicate, as of the day and year first above written.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

By: _____

The undersigned Grantee hereby (i) acknowledges receipt of an executed original of this Agreement and a copy of the Memorandum, dated _____, and (ii) accepts the right to receive the Common Stock or other securities covered hereby, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions hereinabove set forth.

Name: _____

Date: _____

**OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION 2005 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN
COMMON STOCK AWARD
FOR NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS
GRANT AGREEMENT**

Name of Grantee:

Date of Grant:

Number of Shares of Common Stock:

Agreement (this "Agreement") made as of the Date of Grant between OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation ("Occidental"), and with its subsidiaries (the "Company"), and the Eligible Person receiving this Award (the "Grantee").

1. Grant of Common Stock. In accordance with this Agreement and the Occidental Petroleum Corporation 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan"), Occidental hereby grants to the Grantee as of the Date of Grant, the number of shares of Common Stock set forth above. The Common Stock shall be fully paid and nonassessable and shall be represented by a book-entry account registered in the name of the Grantee with Occidental's registrar and stock transfer agent that will be subject to the restrictions hereinafter set forth until those shares have become transferable in accordance with Section 2.

2. Restrictions on Transfer of Common Stock. Fifty percent (50%) of the shares of Common Stock may not be transferred, sold, pledged, exchanged, assigned or otherwise encumbered or disposed of by the Grantee, except to Occidental, until the third anniversary date of this grant, and the other fifty percent (50%) of such shares shall be subject to such transfer restrictions until the Grantee ceases to serve on the Board for any reason, including as a result of the Grantee's death or Disability (the "Grantee's termination"); provided, however, that (i) the Grantee may designate from time to time any beneficiary or beneficiaries to whom any shares of Common Stock and any cash amounts are to be paid in case of the Grantee's death before receipt of such Common Stock and cash and (ii) all of the shares of Common Stock shall immediately become transferable in the event of a Change of Control or the Grantee's termination. If a written beneficiary designation is not on file with Occidental at the time of the Grantee's death, the Grantee's interest in the Common Stock will be transferred by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Any purported transfer, encumbrance or other disposition of the Common Stock that is in violation of this Section 2 shall be null and void, and the other party to any such purported transaction shall not obtain any rights to or interest in the Common Stock.

3. Vesting of Common Stock. The Common Stock shall be fully vested and nonforfeitable as of the Date of Grant.

4. Dividend, Voting and Other Rights. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Grantee shall have all of the rights of a stockholder with respect to the shares of Common Stock, including the right to vote such shares and receive any dividends that may be paid thereon; provided, however, that any additional shares of Common Stock or other securities that the Grantee may become entitled to receive pursuant to a stock dividend, stock split, combination of shares, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, separation or reorganization or any other change in the capital structure of Occidental shall be subject to the same restrictions as the shares of Common Stock.

5. Retention as Director. Nothing contained in this Agreement shall interfere with or limit in any way the right of the stockholders of Occidental to remove the Grantee from the Board pursuant to the by-laws of Occidental, nor confer upon any Grantee any right to continue in the service of Occidental as a member of the Board.

6. Taxes and Withholding. The Grantee is responsible for any federal, state, local or non-U.S. tax, including income tax, social insurance, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax-related withholding with respect to the grant of Common Stock (including the grant, the vesting, the receipt of Common Shares, the sale of Common Shares and the receipt of dividends, if any). The Company does not guarantee any particular tax treatment or results in connection with the grant or vesting of the Common Stock or the payment of dividends.

7. Compliance with Law. The Company will make reasonable efforts to comply with all applicable federal, state and foreign securities laws; however, the Company will not issue any Common Shares or other securities pursuant to this Agreement if their issuance would result in a violation of any such law by the Company.

8. Adjustments. The number or kind of shares of stock covered by this Common Stock Award shall be adjusted in order to prevent dilution or expansion of the Grantee's rights under this Agreement as a result of events such as stock dividends, stock splits, or other change in the capital structure of Occidental, or any merger, consolidation, spin-off, liquidation or other corporate transaction or event having a similar effect. If any such adjustment occurs, the Company will give the Grantee written notice of the adjustment containing an explanation of the nature of the adjustment.

9. Amendments. The Plan may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, as provided in the Plan. Any amendment to the Plan will be deemed to be an amendment to this Agreement to the extent it is applicable to this Agreement; however, except to the extent necessary to comply with applicable law, no amendment will adversely affect the rights of the Grantee under this Agreement without the Grantee's consent.

10. Severability. If one or more of the provisions of this Agreement is invalidated for any reason by a court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidated provisions shall be deemed to be separable from the other provisions of this Agreement, and the remaining provisions of this Agreement will continue to be valid and fully enforceable.

11. Relation to Plan; Interpretation. This Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan. In the event of any inconsistent provisions between this Agreement and the Plan, the provisions of the Plan control. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement without definitions have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan. References to Sections are to Sections of this Agreement unless otherwise noted.

12. Successors and Assigns. Subject to Sections 2 and 3, the provisions of this Agreement shall be for the benefit of, and be binding upon, the successors, administrators, heirs, legal representatives and assigns of the Grantee, and the successors and assigns of the Company.

13. Governing Law. The laws of the State of Delaware govern the interpretation, performance, and enforcement of this Agreement.

14. Notices. Any notice to the Company provided for in this Agreement will be given to its Secretary at 10889 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90024, and any notice to the Grantee will be addressed to the Grantee at his or her address currently on file with the Company. Any written notice will be deemed to be duly given when received if delivered personally or sent by telecopy, e-mail, or the United States mail, first class registered mail, postage and fees prepaid, and addressed as provided in this paragraph. Any party may change the address to which notices are to be given by written notice to the other party as specified in the preceding sentence.

15. Privacy Rights. By accepting this Award, the Grantee explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of the Grantee's personal data as described in this Agreement by and among, as applicable, the Company and its affiliates for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Grantee's participation in the Plan. The Company holds or may receive from any agent designated by the Company certain personal information about the Grantee, including, but not limited to, the Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in Occidental, details of this Common Stock Award or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in the Grantee's favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan, including complying with applicable tax and securities laws ("Data"). Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. These recipients may be located in the Grantee's country or elsewhere, and may have different data privacy laws and protections than the Grantee's country. By accepting this Agreement, the Grantee authorizes the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes described above. The Grantee may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting the Administrator in writing. Refusing or withdrawing consent may affect the Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan.

16. Electronic Delivery. The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to this Common Stock Award granted under the Plan or future awards that may be granted under the Plan (if any) by electronic means or to request the Grantee’s consent to participate in the Plan by electronic means. The Grantee hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and, if requested, to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company.

17. Grantee’s Representations and Releases. By accepting this Award, the Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee has read this Agreement and understands that the future value of any shares of Common Stock issued pursuant to this Common Stock Award cannot be predicted and Occidental does not assume liability in the event such shares of Common Stock have no value in the future; and the Grantee will be solely responsible for the payment or nonpayment of taxes imposed or threatened to be imposed by any authority of any jurisdiction.

In consideration of the grant of this Common Stock Award, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of this Common Stock Award or diminution in value of this Common Stock Award or Common Shares issued pursuant to this Common Stock Award resulting from termination of the Grantee’s service as a member of the Board and the Grantee irrevocably releases the Company from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by accepting this Agreement, the Grantee shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived his or her entitlement to pursue such claim.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Agreement to be executed on its behalf by its duly authorized officer and Grantee has also executed this Agreement in duplicate, as of the day and year first above written.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

By: _____

The undersigned Grantee hereby (i) acknowledges receipt of an executed original of this Agreement and a copy of the Memorandum, dated _____, and (ii) accepts the right to receive the Common Stock or other securities covered hereby, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions hereinabove set forth.

Name:

Date:

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
COMPUTATION OF TOTAL ENTERPRISE RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES
(Amounts in millions, except ratios)

	Three Months Ended March 31		Year Ended December 31				
	2014	2013	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Income from continuing operations ^(a)	\$ 1,389	\$ 1,359	\$ 5,922	\$ 4,635	\$ 6,640	\$ 4,641	\$ 3,202
Add/(Subtract):							
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(2)	—	—	—	—	(72)	(51)
Adjusted income from equity investments ^(b)	3	(18)	52	163	(33)	(60)	(88)
	<u>1,390</u>	<u>1,341</u>	<u>5,974</u>	<u>4,798</u>	<u>6,607</u>	<u>4,509</u>	<u>3,063</u>
Add:							
Provision for taxes on income (other than foreign oil and gas taxes)	483	412	1,894	708	1,795	1,099	695
Interest and debt expense	20	34	118	130	135 ^(c)	116	140
Portion of lease rentals representative of the interest factor	11	15	68	59	60	57	57
	<u>514</u>	<u>461</u>	<u>2,080</u>	<u>897</u>	<u>1,990</u>	<u>1,272</u>	<u>892</u>
Earnings before fixed charges	<u>\$ 1,904</u>	<u>\$ 1,802</u>	<u>\$ 8,054</u>	<u>\$ 5,695</u>	<u>\$ 8,597</u>	<u>\$ 5,781</u>	<u>\$ 3,955</u>
Fixed charges:							
Interest and debt expense including capitalized interest	\$ 62	\$ 68	\$ 269	\$ 254	\$ 221 ^(c)	\$ 203	\$ 218
Portion of lease rentals representative of the interest factor	11	15	68	59	60	57	57
Total fixed charges	<u>\$ 73</u>	<u>\$ 83</u>	<u>\$ 337</u>	<u>\$ 313</u>	<u>\$ 281</u>	<u>\$ 260</u>	<u>\$ 275</u>
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	<u>26.08</u>	<u>21.71</u>	<u>23.90</u>	<u>18.19</u>	<u>30.59</u>	<u>22.23</u>	<u>14.38</u>

Note: Argentine operations have been reflected as discontinued operations for all periods.

- (a) The year ended December 31, 2013 amount includes a \$665 million after-tax gain for the sale of a portion of an investment in the General Partner of Plains All-American Pipeline L.P., a \$63 million after-tax gain for the sale of an investment in Carbocloro, a Brazilian chemical facility and \$395 million of after-tax charges related to the impairment of non-producing domestic acreage. The year ended December 31, 2012 amount includes after-tax charges of \$1.1 billion for the impairment of domestic gas assets and related items.
- (b) Represents adjustments to arrive at distributed income from equity investees.
- (c) Excludes a pre-tax charge of \$163 million for the early redemption of debt.

RULE 13a – 14(a) / 15d – 14(a)
CERTIFICATION
PURSUANT TO §302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Stephen I. Chazen, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Occidental Petroleum Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2014

/s/ Stephen I. Chazen

Stephen I. Chazen

President and Chief Executive Officer

RULE 13a – 14(a) / 15d – 14(a)
CERTIFICATION
PURSUANT TO §302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Cynthia L. Walker, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Occidental Petroleum Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2014

/s/ Cynthia L. Walker

Cynthia L. Walker

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CEO AND CFO PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. § 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
§ 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Occidental Petroleum Corporation (the "Company") for the fiscal period ended March 31, 2014, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 5, 2014 (the "Report"), Stephen I. Chazen, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Cynthia L. Walker, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his or her knowledge, respectively:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Stephen I. Chazen

Name: Stephen I. Chazen
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer
Date: May 5, 2014

/s/ Cynthia L. Walker

Name: Cynthia L. Walker
Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Date: May 5, 2014

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Occidental Petroleum Corporation and will be retained by Occidental Petroleum Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

This certification accompanies the Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.